



EVERGREEN[®] Pro

CONDENSING GAS BOILER
110/155

Advanced Manual

Multiple Boiler Installation & Settings + Single Boiler Advanced Settings



⚠ WARNING

Installation and service of the boiler must be performed by a qualified installer or service technician. Read all instructions, including this manual and all other information shipped with the boiler, before installing. Perform steps in the order given. Failure to comply can result in severe personal injury, death, or substantial property damage.

Part number 550-100-214/1024



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⚠ WARNING Follow all instructions for installation, start-up and servicing in the **Evergreen® boiler manual**.

Use this **Advanced Manual** for multiple boiler installation guidelines and control settings and for single boiler advanced control settings.

HAZARD DEFINITIONS

The following defined terms are used throughout this manual to bring attention to the presence of hazards of various risk levels or to important information concerning the life of the product.

⚠ DANGER Indicates presence of hazards that will result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

⚠ WARNING Indicates presence of hazards that can result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

⚠ CAUTION Indicates presence of hazards that will or can result in minor personal injury or property damage.

NOTICE Indicates special instructions on installation, operation or maintenance that are important but not related to personal injury or property damage.

IMPORTANT

THE OUTDOOR SENSOR SUPPLIED WITH THE BOILER MUST BE INSTALLED UNLESS EXEMPTED BELOW:

In accordance with **Section 303 of the 2007 Energy Act**, this boiler is equipped with a feature that saves energy by reducing the boiler water temperature as the heating load decreases. This feature is equipped with an override which is provided primarily to permit the use of an external energy management system that serves the same function.

THIS OVERRIDE MUST NOT BE USED UNLESS AT LEAST ONE OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS IS TRUE:

- An external energy management system is installed that reduces the boiler water temperature as the heating load decreases.
- This boiler is not used for any space heating.
- This boiler is part of a modular or multiple boiler system having a total input of 300,000 BTU/hr or greater.
- This boiler is equipped with a tankless coil (not applicable to Evergreen®).

NOTICE If the outdoor sensor is **not used**, the following changes must be made to control settings during control setup:

TARGET ADJUST (in priority menus) must be set either to NONE (constant supply temperature) or 0–10VDC (remote target).

WWSD must be set to OFF.



Evergreen® Control — Advanced mode

Evergreen® control setup

1. Set control parameters using the WIZARD option provided on initial start-up or manually enter parameters using control menus explained later in this manual.
2. See **Fast-Track setup** instructions beginning on page 9 for example applications and minimum settings required (using factory defaults).
3. This manual provides set-up information for a single-boiler advanced settings and for all multiple boiler applications.

⚠ WARNING

Boiler Model, Altitude and Fuel Type are critical settings.

Failure to set correctly could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Temperature settings — You must ensure that the Evergreen® control is set for the proper water temperatures for the system. Excessive water temperature can cause significant property damage in some applications.

Multi-temperature systems — If the heating system includes circuits that require lower temperature water (radiant slab circuits, for example) as well as higher temperature circuits (DHW, finned tube baseboard, etc.), it is recommended to protect low-temperature circuits with limit controls that are wired to an Evergreen® control external limit circuit. Failure to provide regulation can result in substantial property damage.

Multiple Boiler (Network) Features:

(see next page for explanation of Priorities)

- Create a network of up to 8 boilers using built-in controls.
- Master boiler controls the modulation and sequencing of boilers on the network to achieve desired system supply temperature.
- Use ALL boiler inputs, not just the first and last boilers, up to 24 customizable inputs across boiler network (3 per unit, maximum of 8 boilers on network).
- Two (2) available Network Priorities allow multiple system types/temperature zones.
- Direct-connected DHW tanks (or other heating zones) can be piped and wired locally to any boiler in the system, not just the first or the last.
- Three system modulation types—SERIES, PARALLEL, AND SMART.
- Three (3) Lead boiler rotation modes (plus OFF).
- Limit the firing rate for each Network Priority independently when heat demands are mismatched using the Max System Rate parameter.
- Fire multiple boilers at initial call for heat to start up quickly for high demand applications using the Minimum Boilers parameter.
- Won't interrupt a Local heat demand (such as direct-connected DHW tank) to satisfy Network heat demand unless all available boilers are at maximum input.
- Simple, 2-wire boiler-to-boiler communication connection.

Evergreen® control overview

Basic Boiler Features:

- Easy configuration with WIZARD step-by-step setup including on-screen help.
- BASIC boiler settings mode for streamlined menu navigation of essential settings.
- Three customizable input/output pairs—use as a 3-Zone control or a 3-Priority control.
- Configure outputs to control System Pumps or 120 VAC Auxiliary equipment.
- System type presets simplify system temperature selection.
- 0-10VDC Input can modulate boiler firing rate or target.
- Integral outdoor reset with warm weather shutdown.

Advanced Boiler Features:

- ADVANCED boiler settings mode unlocks all features and customizable parameters.
- Manage multiple types of System Pumps or 120 VAC Auxiliary accessories.
- Manage staged heating sources using the Additional Heat Demand feature.
- BMS integration with standard MODBUS.

Evergreen® control operation

- The control responds to signals from:
 - Room thermostats
 - DHW aquastats (if used)
 - Temperature sensors — boiler return, boiler supply, flue temperature and, when used, system supply and system return, outdoor temperature. **For optimal performance, it is recommended to install the system supply and return sensors.**
- The control automatically adjusts blower speed (and gas flow rate) to match boiler output to space heating and/or DHW heating demand.
- The control provides three inputs and three outputs (for circulators or auxiliary devices) plus a boiler circulator output.
- Outdoor reset must be used in all applications that are not exempt as described on page 2.
 - The outdoor temperature is used for supply temperature reset operation and for the warm weather shutdown (WWSD) option.
 - See "Outdoor reset operation" on page 4 for complete explanation of outdoor reset settings.
- System presets
 - The Evergreen® control provides presets by system type (see Figure 21, page 45 for complete list).



Evergreen® Control — ADVANCED mode *(continued)*

EVG control Priorities & Input/Outputs

- For heating installations with multiple systems, the EVG control uses **PRIORITIES** to determine the order of operation of the systems.
 - The control's MAX and MIN time settings determine the maximum and minimum times a system will be operated before being turned off to allow another system to operate.
 - A typical example is DHW priority — heat demand from the DHW system is given preference over space heating if assigned to Priority 1.
- Each PRIORITY has its own set of operating parameters.
 - The control prompts the user to select the system type (finned tube baseboard, DHW, etc.) and is factory programmed with parameters suited to each of these system types.
 - The user can also choose CUSTOM to create a system type.
- The EVG control provides up to three **PRIORITIES** for single boiler applications and up to four priorities for network boiler applications. The order of operation is:
 - Single boilers: PRIORITY 1, PRIORITY 2, PRIORITY 3.
 - Network boilers: LOCAL PRIORITY 1, NETWORK PRIORITY 1, NETWORK PRIORITY 2, LOCAL PRIORITY 2.
 - For each boiler in a network, this provides up to two **LOCAL** priorities, used for heating systems piped directly to the boiler, such as DHW tanks.
 - NETWORK** priorities are used for heating systems connected in the primary heating loop and supplied by the boiler network.
- Each boiler has three **INPUT/OUTPUT** pairs (INPUT/OUTPUT 1, 2 and 3).
 - Control setup prompts the user to assign each of these I/O pairs to a PRIORITY. The EVG control then knows which system (priority) to operate when any input assigned to that priority receives a call for heat.
 - The EVG controls respond to heat calls based on the order of the assigned priorities and the timings set for each priority's operation.

Boiler circulator

- The boiler circulator is shipped loose with the boiler for field installation.
- The 120 VAC power output to the boiler circulator is provided by a terminal block located on the boiler's left cabinet wall. For each of the priorities, the control can be setup to run the boiler pump or to leave it off. It is recommended to set Boiler Circulator to OFF for directly piped DHW systems with its own circulator.



The boiler circulator must be installed and connected. Flow through the boiler must be provided during all times of operation. Failure to do so can result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Multiple boiler operation

- The Evergreen® boiler has an auto detection feature for multiple boiler networks. The Master will automatically detect the presence of the other boilers wired to the network.
- There will be a 30 second to 1 minute period until the Master may see the shadow boilers.
- Each shadow boiler must be assigned a network address, from 2 through 8. The address for each boiler must be unique, NOT selected for any other boiler.
- Afterwards, the Master will build a network based on the communications shared. If a boiler loses communication, the Master will automatically re-assign the lost boiler to where it was before once it is back on the network.
- When network inputs turn on, the Master boiler will enter the Network Modulation routine.
- Using system sensors, the Master will modulate the entire network to meet the energy requirements of Network Priority 1 and Network Priority 2 inputs when they are on.
- When a Local Priority input becomes active (switch closes), modulation for that input is not controlled by the Master, but instead is left to that local boiler using its own local Heat Exchanger Inlet and Outlet sensors.
- Each of the three (3) inputs on the Master or any of the Shadow boilers can be assigned as Network Priority 1 or 2 or assigned as Local Priority 1 or 2. Network Priority settings are common across all the boilers. These Network Priority settings can only be adjusted from the Master boiler.

Sequence of operation

- Figure 19, page 42 is a summary of the operating sequence for the Evergreen® control.
 - The statuses shown appear in the display as the Evergreen® control cycles the boiler.
 - The display will display red (solid or flashing) if a problem has been detected.

Outdoor reset operation

- Calculates target temperature for space heating zones based on outdoor temperature.
- For an explanation of the target temperatures and associated outdoor temperatures, see Figure 1, page 5.
- The temperature settings discussed below are accessed in the priority menu for the applicable system. For detailed explanations of the priority menus, see Figure 28, page 52.

SUPPLY MAX

- Set SUPPLY MAX to the required supply water temperature for the system at design maximum heat loss (typically 180°F for finned tube baseboard on new installations).

SUPPLY MIN

- SUPPLY MIN should equal the desired minimum supply water temperature for the system.
- This could be set as low as 70°F, which would supply “zero heat” when outdoor temperature is 70°F, because supply water temp would equal room temp.
- See examples in Figure 1.

Multiple boiler installations

Placing multiple boilers

1. Locate multiple boilers with spacings shown in Figure 3. Provide the indicated clearances around boilers for access and servicing.

WARNING If recommended dimensions are not possible, provide at least the minimum clearances given in the Evergreen® boiler manual. Also follow local codes.

2. If boilers are floor-mounted, construct a boiler foundation if boiler room floor is uneven or if there is a danger of flooding. Size the foundation to allow for clearance and spacing dimensions shown in Figure 3.
3. Provide a minimum 30-inch walkway in front of the boilers to ensure accessibility.
4. Uncrate, assemble and mount boilers according to instructions in the Evergreen® boiler manual.
5. Provide clearances needed for installation of venting, air piping, gas piping, expansion tank, primary circulator and other accessories. Clearances must comply with all applicable codes.

Manifolded combustion air option

1. Multiple Evergreen® boilers can use a common combustion air manifold.
 - a. Provide minimum clearance to adjacent vents and grade/snow line as shown in Figure 4.
 - b. Provide minimum free area in duct (adjusted for louver restriction) of **1 square inch per 2,000 Btuh** total boiler input. See below. Also see information in Boiler Ratings section of boiler manual.
 - c. If combustion air damper is used, wire to boilers to prevent operation, except after damper has opened.

WARNING ONLY air piping can be combined. DO NOT use combined vent piping. Flue gas leakage and boiler component damage can occur. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

2. Calculate required cross sectional area of combined combustion air duct (for area in square inches):

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{MINIMUM DUCT AREA} \\ &= \text{TOTAL MBH INPUT DIVIDED BY 2} \end{aligned}$$

3. Example: A multiple boiler system with six (6) EVG 155 boilers has a total input of $6 \times 155 = 930$ MBH (930,000 Btuh). The required duct cross sectional area would be:

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{MINIMUM DUCT AREA} \\ &= 930 \text{ DIVIDED BY 2} \\ &= 465 \text{ sq. inches} \end{aligned}$$

Figure 3 Side-to-side mounting of multiple Evergreen® boilers

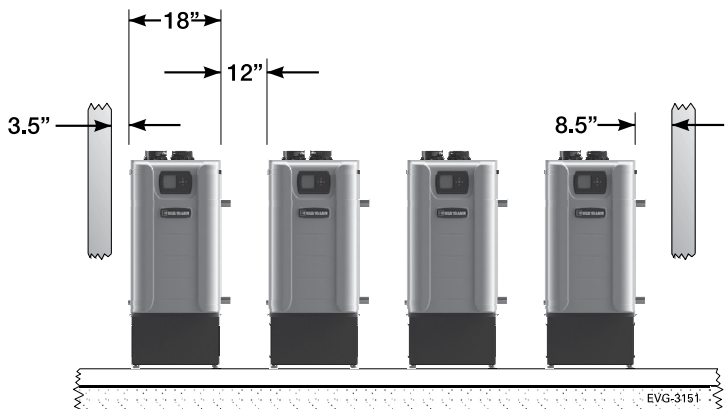
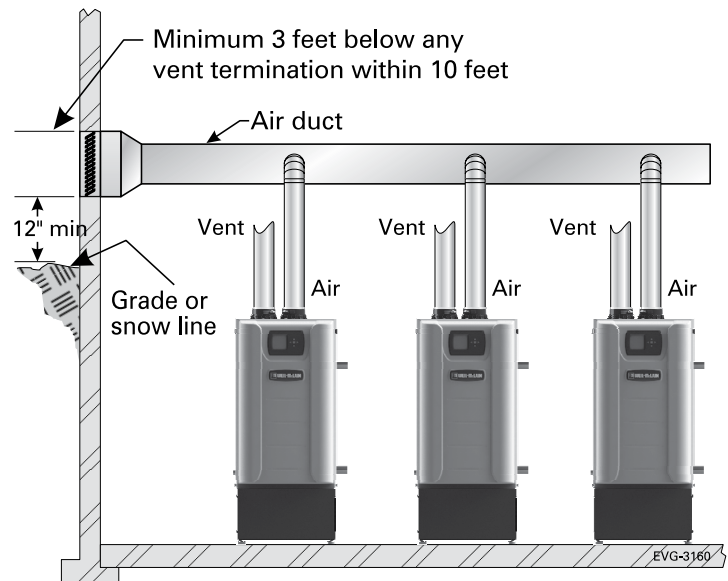


Figure 4 Manifolded combustion air option



Multiple boiler installations *(continued)*

Easy-Fit® piping installation

1. Main header and Easy-Fit® Manifold pipe sizing.
 - a. Size system piping as required for the flow.
 - b. Install tees on the system piping for Easy-Fit® manifolds as shown in Figure 5 or Figure 6. Size manifolds to handle total connected boiler output as shown.
2. Provide connections in main header for Easy-Fit® manifolds as close as possible to the midpoint of multiple boilers.
 - a. Use tees for four or less boilers, as in Figure 5.
 - b. Use either tees (Figure 5) or crosses (Figure 6) for five or more boilers.
3. Manifold placement:
 - a. To alternate spacing for supply and return lines to boilers, reverse the short-end and long-end of the manifolds as shown in Figure 5 and Figure 6.
 - b. Return manifold must be on the return side of the main and supply manifold must be on the supply side of the main. Drawings in this manual show flow in system main from right to left. For system flowing left to right, reverse the locations of the manifolds accordingly.
4. Connect from Easy-Fit® manifold branches to boiler supply and return connections using copper or steel pipe, sized for the required flow rate.

NOTICE It is recommended to pipe to boilers such that the first boiler connection off the return manifold is piped to the furthest connection on the supply manifold from the main header. See Figure 8, page 14 and Figure 10, page 18 for example.

5. Install an isolation valve on the supply and return of each boiler as shown in the piping diagrams in this manual. Some local codes may require the use of individual water level controls and limits on each boiler because isolation valves are installed.
6. Install main system air eliminator and primary circulator in supply piping as shown in piping diagrams. Place expansion tank on suction side of system circulator as shown.
7. Install system accessories as shown in drawings.
8. Piping recommendation drawings:
 - a. Figure 5 and Figure 6 show details of Easy-Fit® manifolds.
 - b. Figure 7, page 8 is a schematic piping drawing showing the locations of typical boiler piping and system piping, including limits and other devices often required by local codes.
 - c. Figure 8, page 14 and Figure 10, page 18 are three dimensional piping drawings of typical multiple boiler installation.
 - d. Figure 12, page 22 shows recommend piping when an isolating heat exchanger is needed.

If desired, other primary/secondary piping arrangements can be used.

Maximum connected load per manifold:

2-inch manifold — 450 MBH

3-inch manifold — 1400 MBH

4-inch manifold — 2900 MBH

Figure 5 Single-sided EZ-Fit Header connection

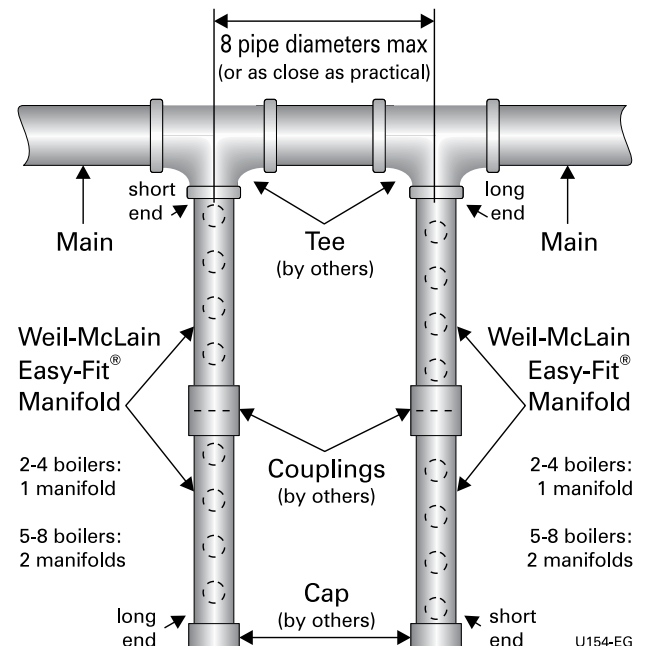
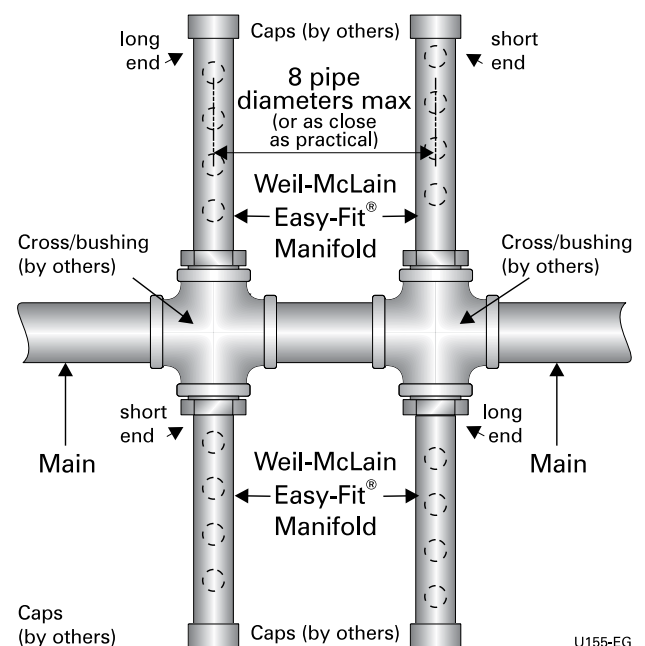
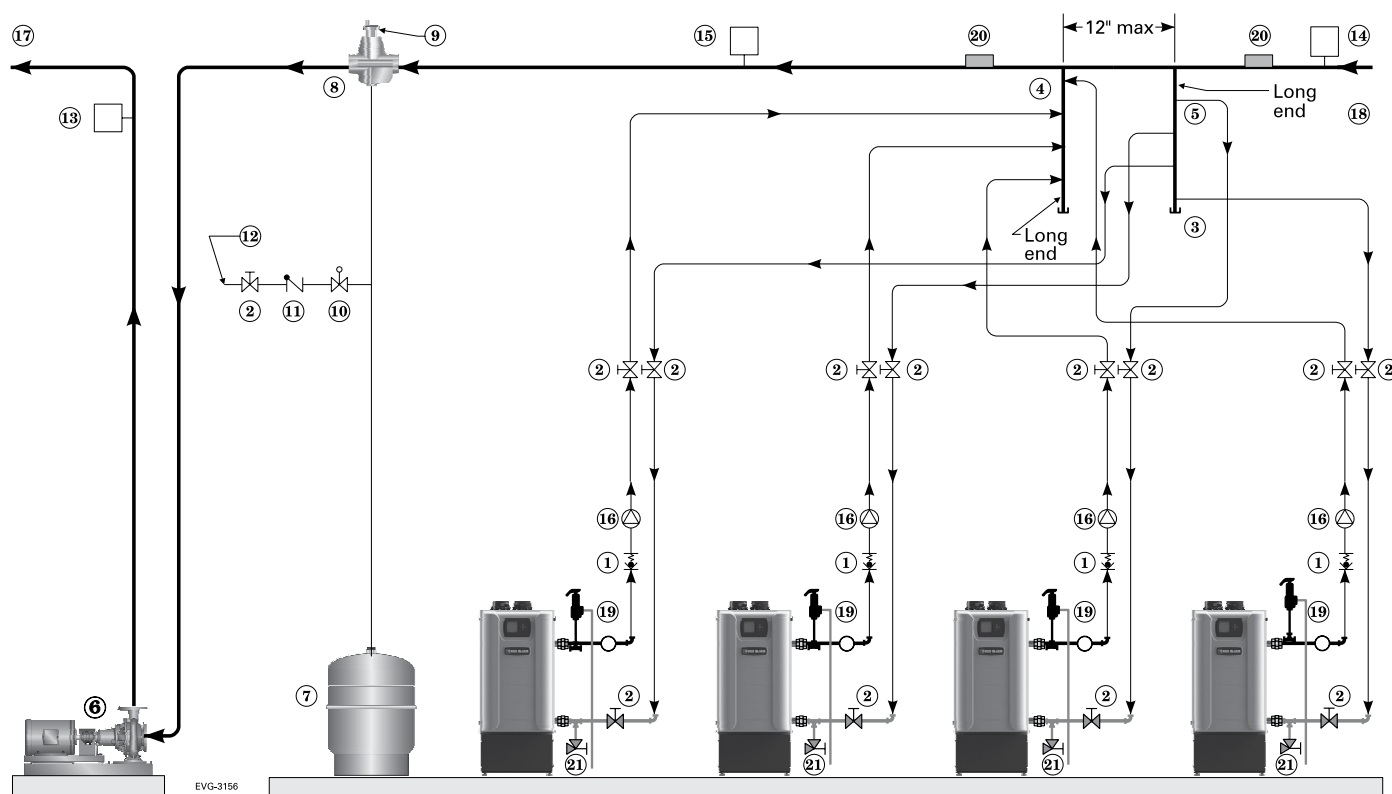


Figure 6 Double-sided EZ-Fit Header connection



Multiple boiler installations *(continued)*

Figure 7 Piping schematic — typical piping for multiple Evergreen® boilers, using Weil-McLain Easy-Fit manifolds (adjust boiler connections as required for other boiler models)



Legend — Figure 7

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Flow/check or spring check valve. 2 Isolation valves. 3 Cap. 4 Easy-Fit® Manifold (supply) — layout and size per page 7. 5 Easy-Fit® Manifold (return) — layout and size per page 7. 6 Primary circulator. 7 Expansion tank (diaphragm type). 8 System air eliminator. 9 System automatic air vent. 10 Pressure reducing valve. 11 Check valve or backflow preventer, as required by applicable codes. 12 Cold water supply. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 13 Supply water temperature control (when used). 14 Low water cutoff (when used) (place above primary header). 15 Water flow switch (when used) — locate a flow switch in each boiler loop if individual protection is required. 16 Boiler circulator. 17 System supply. 18 System return. 19 Boiler P/T gauge, relief valve and discharge piping, installed per Evergreen® boiler manual. 20 Strap system supply and return sensors to lines as shown, at least 6 pipe diameters (but no more than 3 feet) from boiler connection tees. 21 Boiler drain valves. |
|---|--|



Fast-Track Setup — Requirements by Boiler

Fast-Track Setup

Evergreen® control **Fast-Track Setup** takes advantage of the control **WIZARD** to provide the shortest possible method to set up the control.

Perform the **Fast-Track Setup** steps on page 10 to ensure the minimum adjustments needed for **ADVANCED** mode control operation are completed.

The remainder of this manual provides detailed information about control setup and operation available for fine tuning, troubleshooting and custom setup applications.



Temperature settings — You must ensure that the Evergreen® control is set for the proper water temperatures for the system. Excessive water temperature can cause significant property damage in some applications.

Multi-temperature systems — If the heating system includes circuits that require lower temperature water (radiant slab circuits, for example) as well as higher temperature circuits (DHW, finned tube baseboard, etc.), it is recommended to protect low-temperature circuits with limit controls that are wired to an Evergreen® control external limit circuit. Failure to provide regulation can result in substantial property damage.

Setup for single boilers

For single boilers not operated as part of a network, follow the single-boiler setup procedures in the Evergreen® boiler manual.



Using an external multiple boiler controller — Remote modulation using an external controller only works with each boiler set up as a **SINGLE** boiler in the EVG Control setup. Follow instructions in this manual to setup the control using **ADVANCED** mode.

Multiple boiler networks

Multiple boiler networks are configured with a **MASTER** boiler and one or more **SHADOW** boilers. (See above for applications using external controller.)

- The **MASTER** boiler control regulates the firing of all boilers when providing heat to the system zones.
- **SHADOW** boilers respond to heat demand from the master control except when operating for local (direct-connected) heat calls.

Priorities

The Evergreen® control allows assigning multiple priorities. These priorities will be given preference in the order below:

- Multiple boilers: **LOCAL PRIORITY 1**, **NETWORK PRIORITY 1**, **NETWORK PRIORITY 2**, **LOCAL PRIORITY 2**.
- Single boilers: **PRIORITY 1**, **PRIORITY 2**, **PRIORITY 3**.



DHW circuit in system — For high-demand DHW circuits, the control setting for **MIN BOILERS** must be set using the **NETWORK 1** or **NETWORK 2** priority menu after the **WIZARD** is completed to ensure quick response to demand. See page 53 for a description of the **MIN BOILERS** setting.

Timings

Timing settings regulate boiler sequencing and ensure minimum and maximum operating times for heating calls on each system. Timings can be adjusted during the Wizard setup or manually, as explained elsewhere in this manual.

Also see page 49 for additional information on control timings and rotation and sequencing methods.

NET MIN ON TIME (multiple boilers only)

- This parameter is available during the Wizard or manually in the **NETWORK SETTINGS** menu (Figure 24, page 48).
- When a boiler is being called on by the master boiler to satisfy a **network** demand, the boiler will fire for at least as long as the **MIN TIME ON NET** before it switches to satisfy a **Local Priority** if one is active.
- This timing avoids short cycling due to changes in demand.

MIN ON TIME

- This parameter is available during the Wizard or manually in the **PRIORITY SETTINGS** menu (Figure 29, page 54).
- When the boiler is being called on to satisfy a higher priority, the boiler will fire for at least as long as the **MIN ON TIME** before it switches to satisfy that priority.
- This timing avoids short cycling due to changes in demand.

NET MAX ON TIME (multiple boilers only)

- This parameter is available during the Wizard or manually in the **NETWORK SETTINGS** menu (Figure 24, page 48).
- When a boiler is being called on by the master boiler to satisfy a **network** demand, the boiler will fire for no longer than the **MAX TIME ON NET** before it switches to satisfy a **Local Priority** if one is active.
- This timing avoids a long-duration call from preventing other demands from being met for too long a duration.

MAX ON TIME

- This parameter is available during the Wizard or manually in the **PRIORITY SETTINGS** menu (Figure 29, page 54).
- When a boiler is being called on by to satisfy a lower priority, the boiler will fire for no longer than the **MAX ON TIME** before it switches to satisfy that priority.
- This timing avoids a long-duration call from preventing other demands from being met for too long a duration.



Fast-Track Setup — Steps

WARNING The **WIZARD** must be used when using the **Fast-Track Setup** procedure. This is necessary to ensure that all required settings are made. In addition, all instructions in the Evergreen® boiler manual must be followed completely. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Step 1 Mechanical	- Install boiler(s) per Evergreen® boiler manual and all applicable codes, including vent/air piping and water piping. - See suggested piping in this manual and boiler manual. Each boiler must be connected with primary/secondary piping and supplied with a boiler circulator. - As shown in the suggested piping examples, DHW tanks can be either piped directly off of individual boilers or as a separate zone in the heating system. - See page 6 for additional information on multiple boiler installation options.
Step 2 Electrical	For details, see FIELD WIRING information beginning on page 26. BOILER POWER SUPPLY - Connect minimum 120 VAC power to boiler as directed on the boiler wiring diagram (on boiler and on page 34). INPUTS & OUTPUTS - Each boiler provides three input/output pairs. Input circuits are 24 VAC. DO NOT apply voltage. Use dry contacts only. Outputs are 120 VAC, 2.2-amps max (use relays if loads exceed 2.2 amps or if outputs must be 24 VAC or must be isolated contacts). - The input/outputs can be used with zone thermostats and zone circulators or zone valves (requires isolation relays unless valves are 120 VAC), providing up to three zones per boiler on a multiple system. - Each boiler also provides a 120 VAC output for its boiler circulator. Use a relay if circulator requires for than 2.0 amps. - If required, the AUX/PUMP OUTPUT feature can turn any of the input/outputs into a customizable output with many operation types. This should be used for system pumps which operate independently from a heat demand or when multiple inputs should activate a common output. Setup can be done through the WIZARD or manually in ASSIGN INPUTS menu. SENSORS - Connect an outdoor sensor, system supply sensor and system return sensor to at least one of the boilers in a multiple boiler system.. - Preferably, connect outdoor, system supply and system return sensors to more than one boiler to provide redundancy. If one of the sensors fails, the master boiler Evergreen® control automatically looks for an available sensor. MULTIPLE BOILER COMM CABLES - For multiple boilers, connect boiler-to-boiler communication cables as directed on page 33. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION - For flow switch or CAD interlock wiring, see page 33. - For external limit connections, see page 30. - For low water cut-off connections, see page 30. - For 0–10VDC inputs, see page 31. ZONING METHODS - See wiring and control setup information for typical zoning applications beginning on page 36. - See example systems beginning on page 14.
Step 3 POWER ON	NOTICE Follow all instructions in the Evergreen® boiler manual, including all pre-start-up inspections and final checks. - Turn OFF the manual gas cock at the boiler to prevent gas flow during setup. - Turn the boiler ON/OFF switch to ON. - Follow the prompts on the screen to reach the BOILER SETTINGS initial start-up screen. - See Figure 17, page 40 for navigation information. Note that the screen sequence changes after initial setup, as shown.
Step 4 WIZARD	- Select the START WIZARD option from the initial screen BOILER SETTINGS menu (see Figure 17, page 40). - Use on-screen help as needed. For additional information, see details in this manual. DO NOT select SKIP WIZARD unless the control is to be configured manually. NOTICE SINGLE BOILERS — Set up the control following instructions in the Evergreen boiler manual. If ADVANCED settings are required, change to ADVANCED mode from the CONTRACTOR menu. See ADVANCED mode setup information elsewhere in this manual.
Step 5 Finish setup	- Some additional control settings may need to be changed, depending on the application. - See explanation of Evergreen® control operation and settings, beginning on page 41. For high-demand loads requiring fast response, such as network DHW, access the NETWORK PRIORITY screen for the assigned priority (see Figure 28, page 52). Change the MIN BOILERS to the number of boilers needed for peak load.
Step 6 Start-up	Apply the Evergreen® boiler manual instructions to verify the installation and to start up the boiler, using combustion test instruments as directed.



Fast-Track Setup — The WIZARD

- The **WIZARD** is available only on initial setup of the boiler. It cannot be accessed later. If the **WIZARD** is accidentally by-passed, follow navigation sequences shown on page 46 and page 47. Select **RESET FACTORY DEFAULTS** on the Boiler Settings menu. Follow screen directions. Boiler setup must then be started over from the beginning.
- The **WIZARD** leads through a step-by-step setup procedure designed for the application chosen.
- Context-sensitive help is available to explain the purpose of key setup items.

```

BOILER SETTINGS
HIGH ALTITUDE: NO
WWSD TEMP: ### °F
FUEL TYPE:
    NATURAL GAS
    LIQUID PROPANE
START WIZARD
SKIP WIZARD

FOR DETAILS ON ANY
SELECTED LINE, PRESS
THE ► BUTTON.

SELECT▲▼ HELP►
EDIT■
    
```

- This screen appears on initial start-up.
- Perform the **WIZARD** steps for every boiler.
- HIGH ALTITUDE** and **FUEL TYPE** are critical parameters. They must be entered correctly for each boiler before proceeding.
- Enter the **WWSD** temperature — This sets the outside temperature below which space heating systems will be disabled. **WWSD** must also be selected during system setup to enable it.
- Select **START WIZARD**.

- DO NOT** select **SKIP WIZARD**. Selecting **SKIP WIZARD** will take the screen to the **USER MENU**. All setup would then have to be done manually.
- NOTICE** — Once **SKIP WIZARD** has been selected, the **WIZARD** will no longer be available unless the control is set to **FACTORY DEFAULT** and control start-up is begun again.

```

EVERGREEN WIZARD
## OF ##
WHAT IS THE USE OF
INPUT/OUTPUT - #?

HEAT/DHW DEMAND
AUX/PUMP OUTPUT
NOT USED

NOTE:
120V OUTPUTS HAVE A
2.2 AMP LIMIT. IF MORE
CURRENT IS REQUIRED,
USE AN EXTERNAL
CONTACT.

◀BACK SELECT▲▼ NEXT■
    
```

- Each boiler provides three input/output pairs. Each pair can be setup to function as a call for heat with output or to perform an auxiliary function, such as operating a system pump.
- After the WIZARD screens are completed for **INPUT 1**, the WIZARD starts over with **INPUT/OUTPUT 2**, then to **INPUT/OUTPUT 3** after **2** is completed.
- Select **HEAT/DHW DEMAND** if the input/output is connected to a heating or DHW zone or system. The input could be a zone thermostat or end switch. The output could be 120 VAC to a circulator (2.0 amps or less) or isolation relay.

- Select **AUX PUMP/ OUTPUT** if the input is to be used for a system pump, combustion air damper interlock, etc.
- To operate a **system pump**, setup the input as **AUX PUMP/OUTPUT**. Connect the corresponding output to the system pump or pump relay (if pump load exceeds 2.0 amps). When the **ACTIVATE OUTPUT #** screen appears, select **ANY INPUT BY ITS PRIORITY SETTINGS** as the operating mode.
- Select **NOT USED** if the input/output is not needed.

```

EVERGREEN WIZARD
## OF ##
WHAT PRIORITY IS
INPUT/OUTPUT - #?

PRIORITY 1 - LOCAL 1
PRIORITY 2 - NETWORK 1
PRIORITY 3 - NETWORK 2
PRIORITY 4 - LOCAL 2

◀BACK SELECT▲▼ HELP►
NEXT■
    
```

- For multiple boiler applications, the **Evergreen** control provides up to four priorities, as listed on this screen. Preference is given to these priorities in the order shown (Priority 1 through 4).
- Select which priority will be operated by this input/output.
- All boilers can operate on demand from **Network priorities**.
- NETWORK PRIORITIES**
 - Any input on any boiler can be assigned to a network priority (**NETWORK PRIORITY 1** or **NETWORK PRIORITY 2**).
 - The WIZARD will only allow setting up a

Network Priority on the Master boiler. It will skip setting up a Network Priority on all shadow boilers.

- All boilers on the network will fire to meet network demands

- LOCAL PRIORITIES**
 - Any boiler can use its input/outputs to operate up to two local priorities (**LOCAL PRIORITY 1** and **LOCAL PRIORITY 2**). This applies only for heating loops directly piped to the boiler.
 - Local demands are only satisfied by the boiler to which the input is wired. Local heating loops must be directly piped to the boiler.

```

EVERGREEN WIZARD
## OF ##
WHAT SYSTEM TYPE IS
PIPED TO OUTPUT - #?

FAN COIL
FINNED TUBE BASEBOARD
CAST IRON BASEBOARD
CAST IRON RADIATOR
RADIANT - SLAB ON GRADE
RADIANT - THIN SLAB
RADIANT - BELOW FLOOR
RADIANT - ABOVE FLOOR
DHW
CUSTOM - #####

◀BACK SELECT▲▼ HELP►
NEXT■
    
```

- Use this screen to select the **system type** for this priority.
- The control will automatically set operating parameters to suit the system type chosen.
- To see factory default settings for each system, see Figure 21, page 45.
- Operating parameters can be customized in the next screen, if desired.
- Select **CUSTOM** to manually configure the operating settings for the system.

- NETWORK PRIORITY 1 or 2** — This screen will not show on a shadow boiler if the input/output is assigned to a network priority. The screen will only appear on the Master boiler, where the priority must be configured.



Fast-Track Setup — The WIZARD *(continued)*

If TARGET ADJUST = ODT

```

EVERGREEN WIZARD
## OF ##
SYSTEM TYPE : #####
TARGET MOD SENSOR :
BOILER OUT
TARGET ADJUST : ODT
SUPPLY MAX : ### °F
SUPPLY MIN : ### °F
OD RESET MAX : ### °F
OD RESET MIN : ### °F
BOOST TIME : ## MIN
RUN BOILER PUMP? YES
RUN AUX/PUMP OUT? YES
MAX ON TIME : ## MIN
HELP ►
◀BACK SELECT▶▼ NEXT■

```

If TARGET ADJUST = 0-10V

```

EVERGREEN WIZARD
## OF ##
SYSTEM TYPE : #####
TARGET MOD SENSOR :
BOILER OUT
TARGET ADJUST : 0-10V
SUPPLY MAX : ### °F
SUPPLY MIN : ### °F
VOLTS FOR MAX : ### °V
VOLTS FOR MIN : ### °V
BOOST TIME : ## MIN
RUN BOILER PUMP? YES
RUN AUX/PUMP OUT? YES
MAX ON TIME : ## MIN
HELP ►
◀BACK SELECT▶▼ NEXT■

```

If TARGET ADJUST = NONE

```

EVERGREEN WIZARD
## OF ##
SYSTEM TYPE : #####
TARGET MOD SENSOR :
BOILER OUT
TARGET ADJUST : NONE
SUPPLY MAX : ### °F

RUN BOILER PUMP? YES
RUN AUX/PUMP OUT? YES
MAX ON TIME : ## MIN
HELP ►
◀BACK SELECT▶▼ NEXT■

```

```

EVERGREEN WIZARD
## OF ##
ACTIVATE OUTPUT - # :
- ALWAYS ON
- EXTERNAL SWITCH
- OUTDOOR BELOW WWSO
- ANY INPUT
- ANY INPUT BY ITS
  PRIORITY SETTINGS
- ANY BURNER DEMAND
HELP ►
◀BACK SELECT▶▼ NEXT■

```

- **SYSTEM TYPE** – Read only (assigned in previous step).
- **TARGET MOD SENSOR** – Read only for network boilers, adjustable for single boilers – Shows which sensor reading is used for modulation. Boiler sensor is default for local priorities. System sensor is default for network priorities.
- **TARGET ADJUST** – Select how target temperature is calculated —
NONE (no reset, fixed target temperature = SUPPLY MAX)
ODT (outdoor reset operation; default setting). Target temperature is calculated from the outdoor reset curve. SUPPLY MAX is target temperature when outside temperature equals OD RESET MAX. SUPPLY MIN is target temperature when outside temperature equals OD RESET MIN. At outdoor temperatures in between, target temperature is scaled proportionally. See Figure 1, page 5 for details.
0-10V (target temperature based on input from remote source). SUPPLY MAX is target temperature at VOLTS FOR MAX value. SUPPLY MIN is target temperature at VOLTS FOR MIN value. For voltage values between max and min, target temperature is scaled proportionally. See Figure 2, page 5 for details.
- **SUPPLY MAX** – Set SUPPLY MAX to the required supply water temperature for the system at design maximum heat loss (typically 180°F for finned tube baseboard on new installations.)
- **SUPPLY MIN** – SUPPLY MIN should equal the desired minimum supply water temperature for the system. This line will not show if Target Adjust is selected as NONE.
- **OD RESET MAX** – means the outdoor temperature at which the target temperature reaches its minimum (SUPPLY MIN). (Does not appear if 0-10V is selected for Target Adjust.)
- **OD RESET MIN** – means the outdoor temperature at which the target temperature reaches its maximum value (SUPPLY MAX). (Does not appear if 0-10V is selected for Target Adjust.)
- **VOLTS FOR MAX** – Appears if 0-10V is selected for Target Adjust. Set the voltage at which SUPPLY MAX temperature is required.
- **VOLTS FOR MIN** – Appears if 0-10V is selected for TARGET ADJUST. Set the voltage at which SUPPLY MIN temperature is required. For voltages between Min and Max, the target temperature will be adjusted on a linear curve.
- **BOOST TIME** – Every time the call for heat surpasses this duration of time the target temp will boost up 10°F. It will cap off at Supply Max.
- **RUN BOILER PUMP** – Selects whether the Boiler Pump is turned on while running on this call for heat. This setting is YES for network priorities and is not adjustable.
- **RUN AUX PUMP/ OUT** – Selects whether Inputs/Outputs in the system configured as AUX PUMP/OUTPUT are turned on while running on this call for heat.
- **MAX ON TIME / MIN ON TIME** – Maximum or minimum time the network will run on this priority if it is being asked to run on another network priority. MAX shows for Network Priority 1, MIN shows for Network Priority 2. This line ONLY shows on the Master boiler Wizard. It does not appear on Shadow boilers.

- Use this screen to set when a SYSTEM PUMP/AUX output is activated. For detailed explanation, see Figure 31, page 57 and Figure 32, page 57.



Fast-Track Setup — The WIZARD *(continued)*

```

EVERGREEN WIZARD
## OF ##
LOCAL ◀-▶ NETWORK
SWITCHING TIMES

LP1 MAX ON TIME: ###M
  ↓ ↑
NET MIN ON TIME: ###M
NET MAX ON TIME: ###M
  ↓ ↑
LP2 MIN ON TIME: ###M

NEXT STEP      HELP ▶
◀BACK SELECT▲▼ EDIT■

```

- The timings set on this screen prevent the boiler from operating too long on one demand if another demand is present. They also prevent short cycling on a demand.
- LP1 and LP2 are times for local priorities.
- MIN NET ON TIME and MAX NET ON TIME are the maximum and minimum times this boiler will dedicate to a call from a network demand.

```

EVERGREEN WIZARD
## OF ##
BOILER SEQUENCING
SEQUENCE TYPE: SMART

BASERATE HIGH: ###%
BASERATE LOW:  ###%

LEAD BOILER ROTATE:
  INCREMENTAL HOURS
  ROTATE FREQ: ##DAYS
FORCE LEAD ROTATE: YES

NEXT STEP      HELP ▶
◀BACK SELECT▲▼ NEXT■

```

- Use this screen to set how boilers are sequenced and how usage is rotated between boilers on the network.
- For a complete explanation of sequencing and rotation, see page 49 and page 50.
- **Sequencing** means the way in which boiler firing rate is controlled as boilers are turned on and off by the master boiler.
 - Three SEQUENCE TYPES are available: SERIES sequencing allows each boiler to reach full input before bringing on the next boiler in sequence. PARALLEL sequencing uses a limiter, called BASERATE HIGH, to limit the firing rate before adding additional boilers. SMART sequencing (factory default setting) uses a low firing rate setting, called BASERATE LOW, to keep boilers at a low firing rate, bringing on additional boilers at reduced rate

until all boilers are on if necessary. Boilers are then allowed to modulate together as high as necessary to meet demand.

- **Rotation** means how and how often the boiler firing order is changed.
 - LEAD BOILER ROTATE options are based on how long a boiler has operated. Select either OFF, BY BOILER ID, TOTAL HOURS or INCREMENTAL HOURS. See detailed explanation of options on page 49.
 - Use the ROTATE FREQ setting to control how often the rotation sequence is changed.
 - FORCE LEAD ROTATE – If set to YES, then when the frequency timer expires and the new order is calculated, this forces the new boiler order to take effect while a heat demand is currently active.

```

EVERGREEN WIZARD
## OF ##
SET DATE & TIME

TIME:  HH:MM AM

DATE:  MM/DD/YY

◀BACK SELECT▲▼ NEXT■

```

- This screen appears ONLY on the master boiler, not on shadow boilers.
- Set the time and date to ensure that control logs accurately record time/date of occurrences.
- Time and date information is provided to the shadow boilers by the master boiler.

```

EVERGREEN WIZARD
## OF ##
MAINTENANCE INFO
NAME: #####
PHONE: ###-###-####

MODEL: #####-##
CP#: #####
INSTALLED: DD/MM/YY
LAST DATE: DD/MM/YY
NEXT DATE: DD/MM/YY
INTERVAL SET: 12MONTHS

WIZARD COMPLETE
◀BACK SELECT▲▼ HELP▶
NEXT■

```

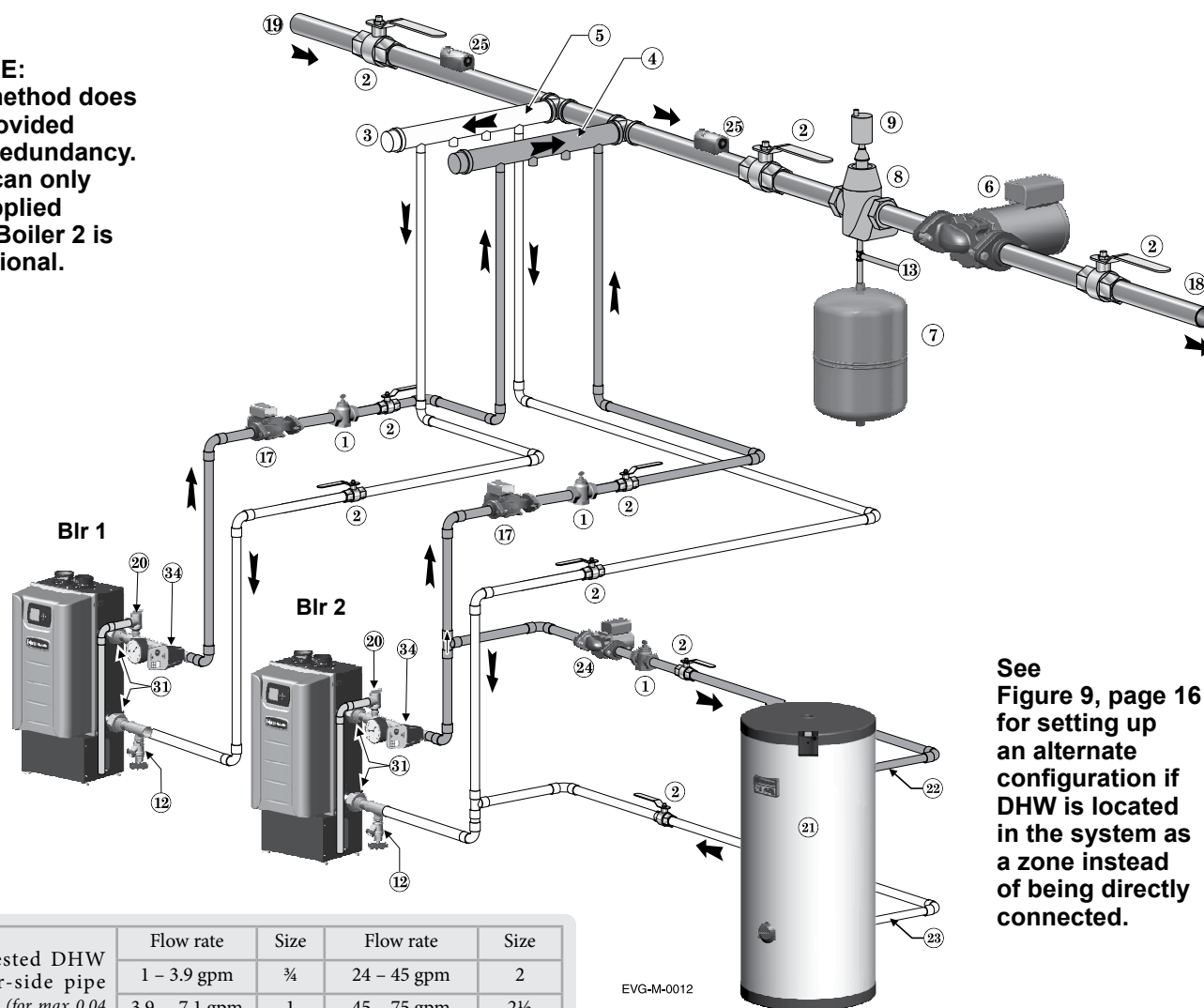
- Use this screen to enter relevant data about the installer and boiler.
- See Figure 33, page 58 for full explanation of the inputs on this menu.

Fast-Track Setup — Typical Application A

Figure 8 Typical Application A — Piping layout — typical piping for multiple Evergreen® boilers, using Weil-McLain Easy-Fit manifolds (2-boiler system) (adjust boiler connections as required for other boiler models)

NOTICE:

This method does not provide DHW redundancy. DHW can only be supplied when Boiler 2 is operational.



See Figure 9, page 16 for setting up an alternate configuration if DHW is located in the system as a zone instead of being directly connected.

EVG-M-0012

Suggested DHW boiler-side pipe sizing (for max 0.04 feet head loss per foot of total equivalent length, TEL)	Flow rate	Size	Flow rate	Size
	1 – 3.9 gpm	¾	24 – 45 gpm	2
	3.9 – 7.1 gpm	1	45 – 75 gpm	2½
	7.1 – 16 gpm	1¼	75 – 140 gpm	3
	16 – 24 gpm	1½	140 – 290 gpm	4

Legend — Figure 9

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Flow/check or spring check valve. 2 Isolation valves (when used). 3 Caps. 4 Easy-Fit® Manifold (supply) — layout and size per page 7. 5 Easy-Fit® Manifold (return) — layout and size per page 7. 6 System circulator. (not used if system is circulator zoned) 7 Expansion tank (diaphragm type). 8 System air eliminator. 9 System automatic air vent. 12 Boiler drain valves. 13 Cold water supply (per applicable codes). 17 Boiler circulator — circulates water between boiler and Easy-Fit® Manifolds. 18 System supply. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 19 System return. 20 Boiler relief valve and discharge piping, installed per Evergreen® boiler manual. 21 Indirect-fired storage water heaters (Weil-McLain Aqua Plus Line shown) — Example is shown connected to one boiler of the system. Setup is shown on the next page for this configuration and also for the option of a DHW tank installed as a system zone. 22 DHW boiler water supply, typical. 23 DHW boiler water return, typical. 24 DHW boiler-side circulator and flow/check valve. 25 Strap system supply and return sensors to lines as shown, at least 6 pipe diameters (but no more than 3 feet) from boiler connection tees. For redundancy, you can install a supply and return sensor connected to each boiler. 31 Unions. 34 Low water cutoff. |
|---|---|

Fast-Track Setup — Typical Application A *(cont.)*

Purpose

- Space heating with multiple zones using system pump or zone circulators.
- Zoning with circulators or zone valves.
- DHW piped directly to the Shadow 2 boiler.
- DHW priority — space heating is discontinued during call for heat from water heater.

Control setting notes

- See the table on page 16 for required and optional settings.
- The table follows the general setup required to achieve the shown systems with shown priorities.
- Settings can be made using the WIZARD or by following instructions elsewhere in this manual to enter the settings manually.

Circulators and piping

⚠ WARNING Provide an external relay and external power to any circulator if its load rating exceeds 2.2 amps FLA, 3.6 amps locked rotor, or 16.4 amps in rush.

- Piping must be primary/secondary as shown.
- DHW circulator must be selected to handle the pressure drop through the boiler, water heater and piping. DHW circulator supplied by installer.
- For some large indirect water heaters, the required flow rate may require piping the water heater differently.

LEGEND for Applications A, B and C

* = **Supplied by installer**

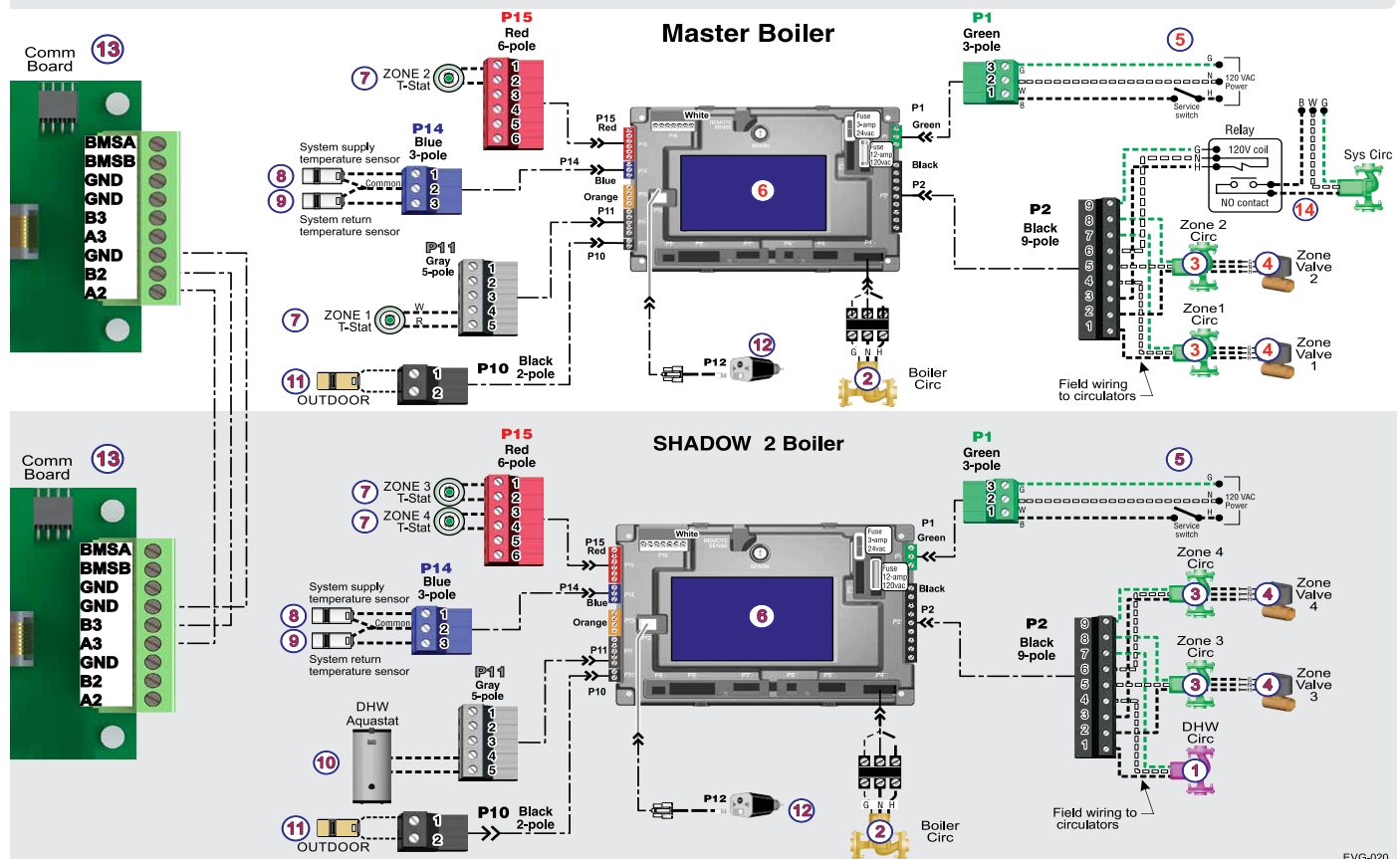
- | | |
|--|--|
| 1 DHW circulators * | 9 Return temperature sensor — strap to return line |
| 2 BOILER circulators (shipped loose with boiler) | 10 DHW tank aquastats * |
| 3 Zone circulators * | 11 Outdoor temperature sensor (supplied with boiler; install if Control will be set for outdoor reset operation) |
| 4 Zone valves (120V shown) * | 12 Low water cutoff |
| 5 120VAC power supply, 15-amp minimum rating | 13 Comm Board |
| 6 Control | 14 System circulators and relay* page 19 |
| 7 Zone thermostats * | 15 Shell-side circulators * page 23 |
| 8 Supply temperature sensor — strap to supply line | |

- The control settings in table at right provide DHW priority — space heating will be discontinued during a call for DHW.
- Zone circulators and relays supplied by installer. For alternate zone wiring using a zone controller, see page 36.

BOILER

- Boiler circulator shipped loose with boiler.
- Follow all instructions in this manual for piping boiler and system.

FIELD WIRING



Fast-Track Setup — Typical Application A *(cont.)*

⚠ WARNING Boiler Model, Altitude and Fuel Type are critical settings. Failure to set correctly could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Figure 9 Typical Application A — multiple boiler system — setup requirements (parameters not listed below can be left at factory default settings unless special needs indicate different settings)

SETUP FOR Figure 8, page 14 AS SHOWN (DHW directly connected)						
Boiler Wiring and Control Settings (See Figure 8, page 14 for items referenced)						
Boiler ID	TT input	Wired from:	Input Assignment	Aux Option	Output	Wired to: ***
1 Master	1	Zone 1 Tstat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	1	Zone 1 Circ/Valve
	2	Zone 2 Tstat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	2	Zone 2 Circ/Valve
	3	No Wire	Aux Pump/Output *	Any TT Input By It's Priority Settings	3	System Circ Relay *
2 Shadow	1	DHW Aquastat	Priority 1 - Local 1	N/A	1	DHW Circ.
	2	Zone 3 Tstat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	2	Zone 3 Circ/Valve
	3	Zone 4 Tstat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	3	Zone 4 Circ/Valve
* System circulator will not be used if system is circulator zoned. Aux Pump/Output would not be required. An additional Zone Circ. could be used here, instead.						

Priority Settings					
Priority #	Setting	Value	Priority #	Setting	Value
Priority 1 – Local 1 (Boiler 2 only)	System Type	DHW	Priority 2 – Network 1 (Boiler 1 only)	System Type	Select heating system type
	Run Blr Pump	NO		Run Blr Pump	YES
	Run Aux Output	NO		Run Aux Output	YES

SETUP IF DHW IS LOCATED IN SYSTEM AS A ZONE						
Boiler Wiring and Control Settings (See Figure 8, page 14 for items referenced)						
Boiler ID	TT input	Wired from:	Input Assignment	Aux Option	Output	Wired to: ***
1 Master	1	Zone 1 Tstat	Priority 3 - Network 2	N/A	1	Zone 1 Circ/Valve
	2	Zone 2 Tstat	Priority 3 - Network 2	N/A	2	Zone 2 Circ/Valve
	3	No Wire	Aux Pump/Output *	Any TT Input By It's Priority Settings	3	System Circ *
2 Shadow	1	DHW Aquastat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	1	DHW Circ/Valve
	2	Zone 3 Tstat	Priority 3 - Network 2	N/A	2	Zone 3 Circ/Valve
	3	Zone 4 Tstat	Priority 3 - Network 2	N/A	3	Zone 4 Circ/Valve
* System circulator will not be used if system is circulator zoned. Aux Pump/Output would not be required. An additional Zone Circ. could be used here, instead.						

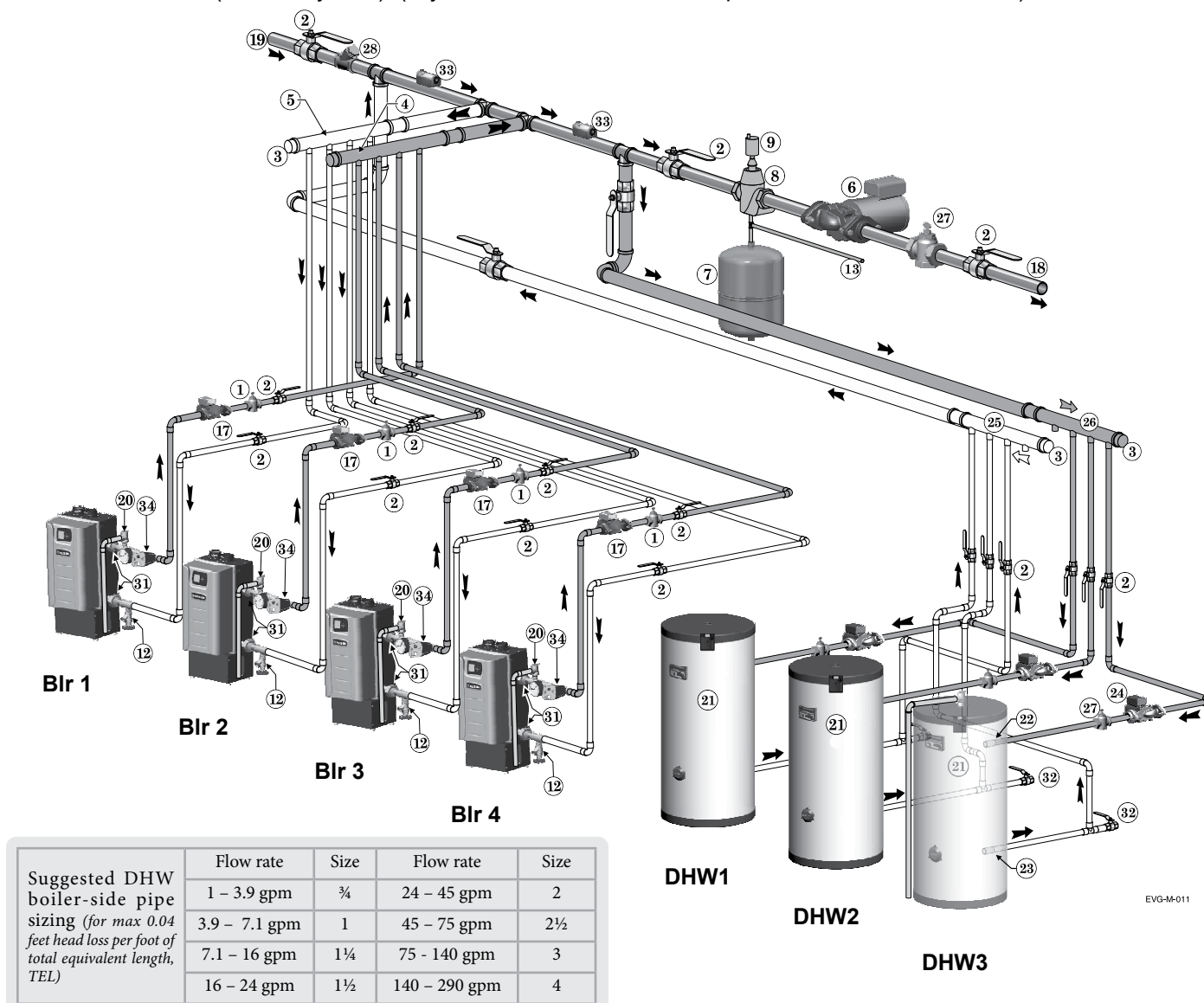
Priority Settings					
Priority #	Setting	Value	Priority #	Setting	Value
Priority 2 – Network 1	System Type	DHW	Priority 3 – Network 2	System Type	Select heating system type
	Run Blr Pump	YES		Run Blr Pump	YES
	Run Aux Output	YES		Run Aux Output	YES

*** Outputs are 120 VAC maximum 2.0 amps. Use relay for other voltages or higher amperages.

This image shows a full page of blank graph paper. The grid consists of thin, light gray horizontal and vertical lines that intersect to form small squares across the entire surface. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

Fast-Track Setup — Typical Application B

Figure 10 Typical Application B — Piping layout — typical piping for multiple Evergreen® boilers, with DHW storage heaters (4-boiler system) (adjust boiler connections as required for other boiler models)



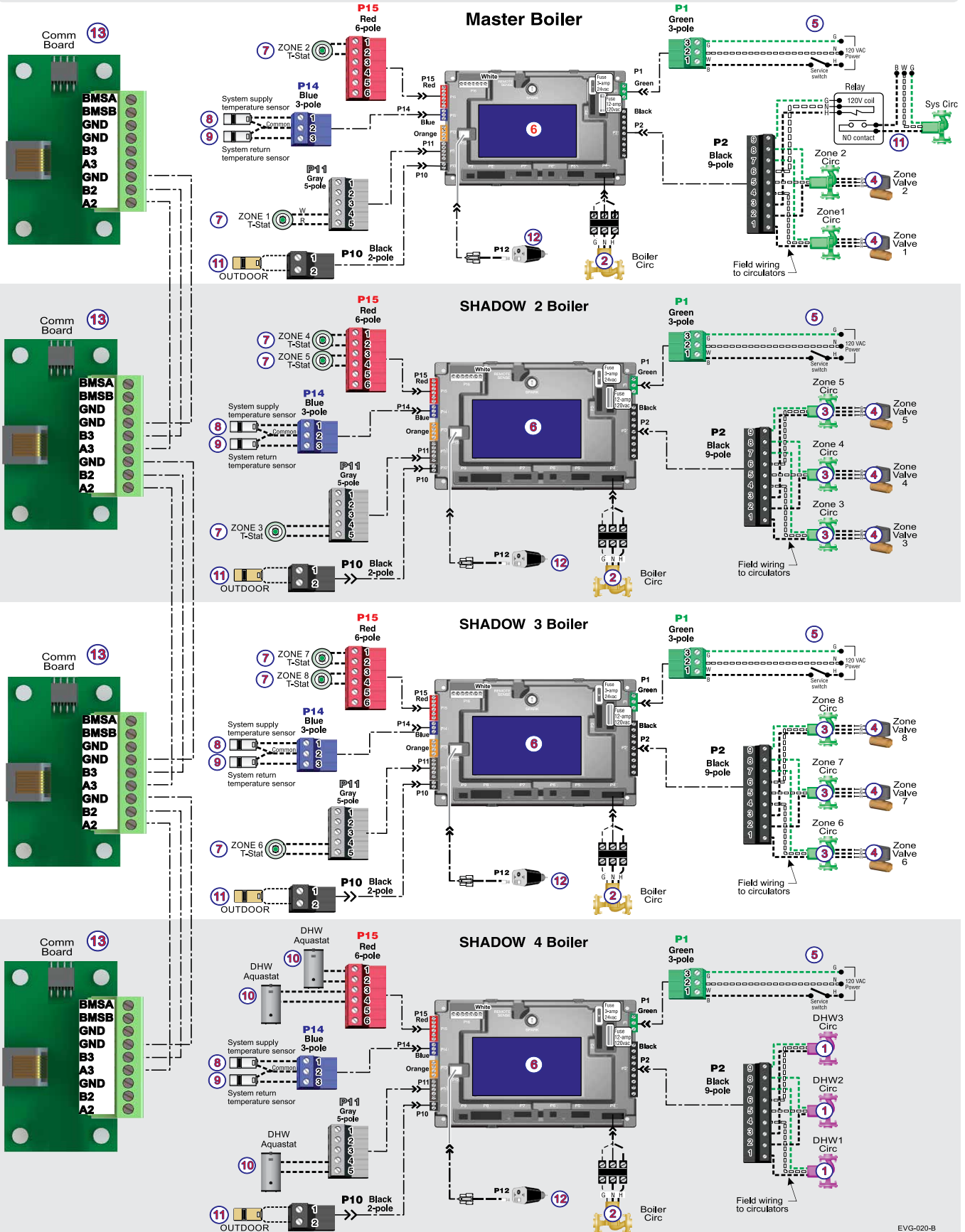
Legend — Figure 10

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1 Flow/check or spring check valve.</p> <p>2 Isolation valves (when used).</p> <p>3 Caps.</p> <p>4 Easy-Fit® Manifold (supply) — layout and size per page 7.</p> <p>5 Easy-Fit® Manifold (return) — layout and size per page 7.</p> <p>6 System circulator (not used if system is circulator zoned).</p> <p>7 Expansion tank (diaphragm type).</p> <p>8 System air eliminator.</p> <p>9 System automatic air vent.</p> <p>12 Boiler drain valve</p> <p>13 Cold water supply (per applicable codes).</p> <p>17 Boiler circulator — circulates water between boiler and Easy-Fit® Manifolds.</p> <p>18 System supply.</p> <p>19 System return.</p> <p>20 Boiler relief valve and discharge piping, installed per Evergreen® boiler manual.</p> | <p>21 Indirect-fired storage water heaters (Weil-McLain Aqua Plus Line shown) — Example is shown with each water heater having its own circulator. Alternate: reverse-return boiler-side piping using a single circulator.</p> <p>22 DHW boiler water supply, typical.</p> <p>23 DHW boiler water return, typical.</p> <p>24 DHW boiler-side circulators.</p> <p>25 DHW boiler-side supply Easy-Fit® Manifold.</p> <p>26 DHW boiler-side return Easy-Fit® Manifold.</p> <p>27 Flow/check or spring check valves (to prevent induced or gravity flow in heating system or DHW piping).</p> <p>28 Check valve.</p> <p>29 See water heater manual for DHW piping — The boiler-side piping in this example uses a separate circulator for each DHW tank.</p> <p>31 Unions.</p> <p>32 Drain valves for DHW boiler water piping.</p> <p>33 Strap system supply and return sensors to lines as shown, at least 6 pipe diameters (but no more than 3 feet) from boiler connection tees. For redundancy, you can install multiple sensors, each connected to a different boiler.</p> <p>34 Low water cutoff.</p> |
|---|---|

NOTICE This piping is suggested only. The layout above can be controlled with the boiler control's multi-boiler function, DHW priority or by an external control that provides multiple boiler heating and DHW priorities. This will provide domestic priority by disabling the heating system circulator any time there is a DHW call for heat. The boiler circulators, item 17, must operate on any call for heat, whether heating system or DHW. Offset the DHW boiler-side supply and return manifolds as shown so the total run of pipe and fittings to each of the water heaters is approximately equal.

Fast-Track Setup — Typical Application B (cont.)

FIELD WIRING





Fast-Track Setup — Typical Application B *(cont.)*



Boiler Model, Altitude and Fuel Type are critical settings. Failure to set correctly could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Purpose

- Space heating with multiple zones using system pump or zone pumps.
- DHW connected to primary with a secondary connection. Multiple DHW tanks are zoned with circulators.
- DHW priority— space heating is discontinued during call for heat from water heater(s).

Control setting notes

- See the tables in Figure 11 for required and optional settings.
- The table follows the general setup required to achieve the shown systems with shown priorities.
- Settings can be made using the WIZARD or by following instructions elsewhere in this manual to enter the settings manually.

Figure 11 Typical Application B — multiple boiler system — setup requirements (parameters not listed below can be left at factory default settings unless special needs indicate different settings)

Boiler Wiring and Control Settings (See Figure 10, page 18 for items referenced)						
Boiler ID	TT input	Wired from:	Input Assignment	Aux Option	Output	Wired to: ***
1 Master	1	Zone 1 Tstat	Priority 3 - Network 2	N/A	2	Zone 1 Circ/Valve
	2	Zone 2 Tstat	Priority 3 - Network 2	N/A	3	Zone 2 Circ/Valve
	3	No Wire	Aux Pump/Output **	Any TT Input By It's Priority Settings	1	System Circ **
2 Shadow	1	Zone 3 Tstat	Priority 3 - Network 2	N/A	1	Zone 3 Circ/Valve
	2	Zone 4 Tstat	Priority 3 - Network 2	N/A	2	Zone 4 Circ/Valve
	3	Zone 5 Tstat	Priority 3 - Network 2	N/A	3	Zone 5 Circ/Valve
3 Shadow	1	Zone 6 Tstat	Priority 3 - Network 2	N/A	1	Zone 6 Circ/Valve
	2	Zone 7 Tstat	Priority 3 - Network 2	N/A	2	Zone 7 Circ/Valve
	3	Zone 8 Tstat	Priority 3 - Network 2	N/A	3	Zone 8 Circ/Valve
4 Shadow	1	DHW1 Aquastat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	1	DHW1 Circ
	2	DHW2 Aquastat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	2	DHW2 Circ
	3	DHW3 Aquastat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	3	DHW3 Circ
** System circulator will not be used if system is circulator zoned. Aux Pump/Output would not be required. An additional Zone CIRC. could be used here, instead. *** Outputs are 120 VAC maximum 2.0 amps. Use relay for other voltages or higher amperages.						

Priority Settings					
Priority #	Setting	Value	Priority #	Setting	Value
Priority 2 – Network 1	System Type	DHW	Priority 3 – Network 2	System Type	Select heating system type
	Run Blr Pump	YES		Run Blr Pump	YES
	Run Aux Output	NO		Run Aux Output	YES
	Min Blrs *	Select as needed for quick response			

* Min Blrs setting is accessible in the Priority menus (see Figure 24, page 48). It is not included in the Wizard setup options.



Alternate piping: DHW circuit piped elsewhere in system — If the DHW circuit is piped elsewhere in the system, the above settings will work only if the System Pump is activated during DHW calls for heat. To set the control for this, set PRIORITY 2 — NETWORK 1 with RUN AUX PUMP/ OUTPUT set to YES instead of NO.

Circulators and piping



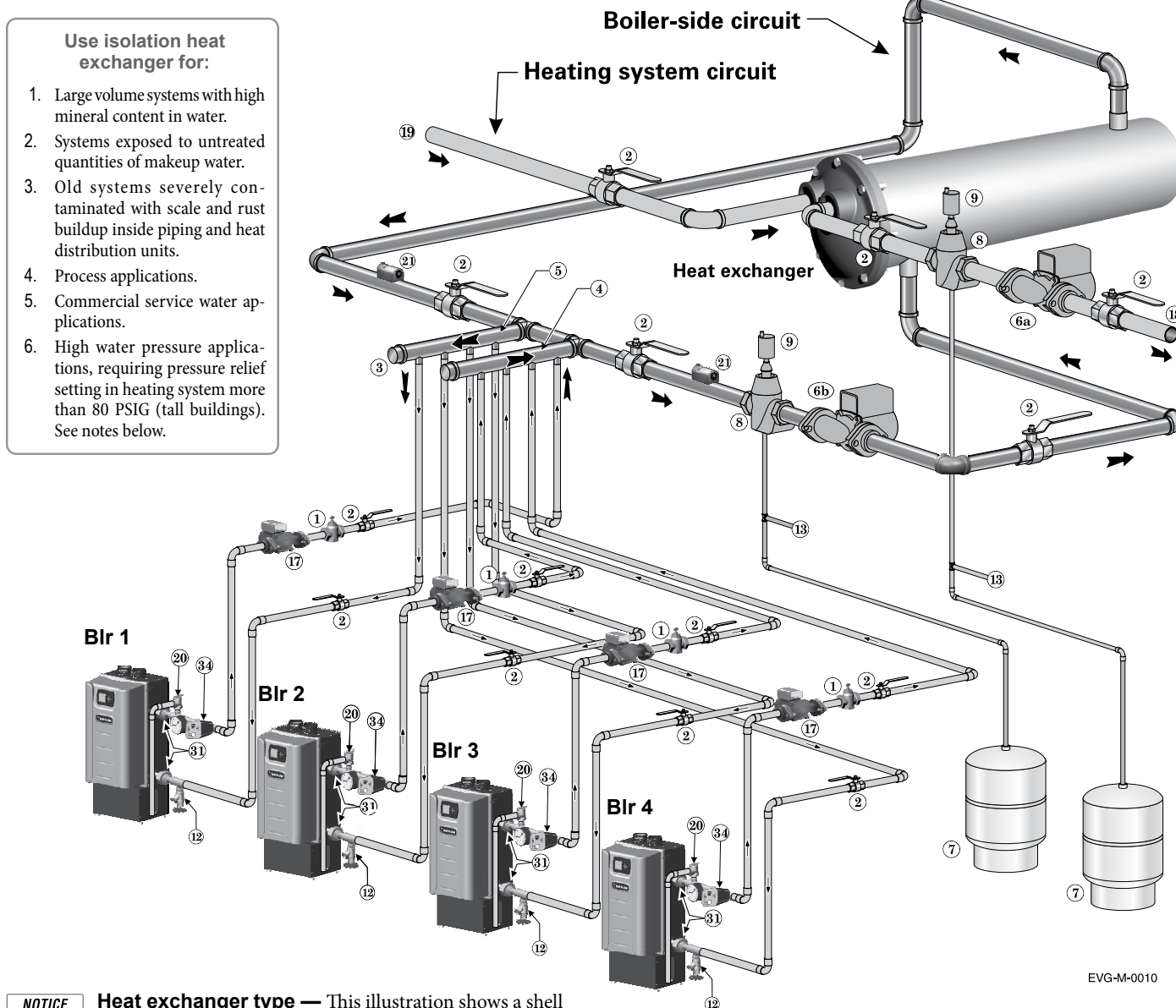
Provide an external relay and external power to any circulator if its load rating exceeds 2.2 amps FLA, 3.6 amps locked rotor, or 16.4 amps in rush.

- Piping must be primary/secondary as shown, with the boiler piped in a secondary loop and the DHW piped in a secondary loop with connections spanning the boiler connections.
- DHW circulators supplied by installer. Size circulators for required flow.
- Control settings in Figure 11 provide DHW priority— space heating is discontinued during call for DHW.
- Zone circulators and relays supplied by installer. For alternate zone wiring using a zone controller, see page 36.

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Fast-Track Setup — Typical Application C

Figure 12 Typical Application C — Piping layout — typical piping for multiple Evergreen® boilers, using isolation exchanger (adjust boiler connections as required for other boiler models)



NOTICE **Heat exchanger type** — This illustration shows a shell and tube exchanger. Other exchanger types may be used if suitable for the system water conditions.

Legend — Figure 12

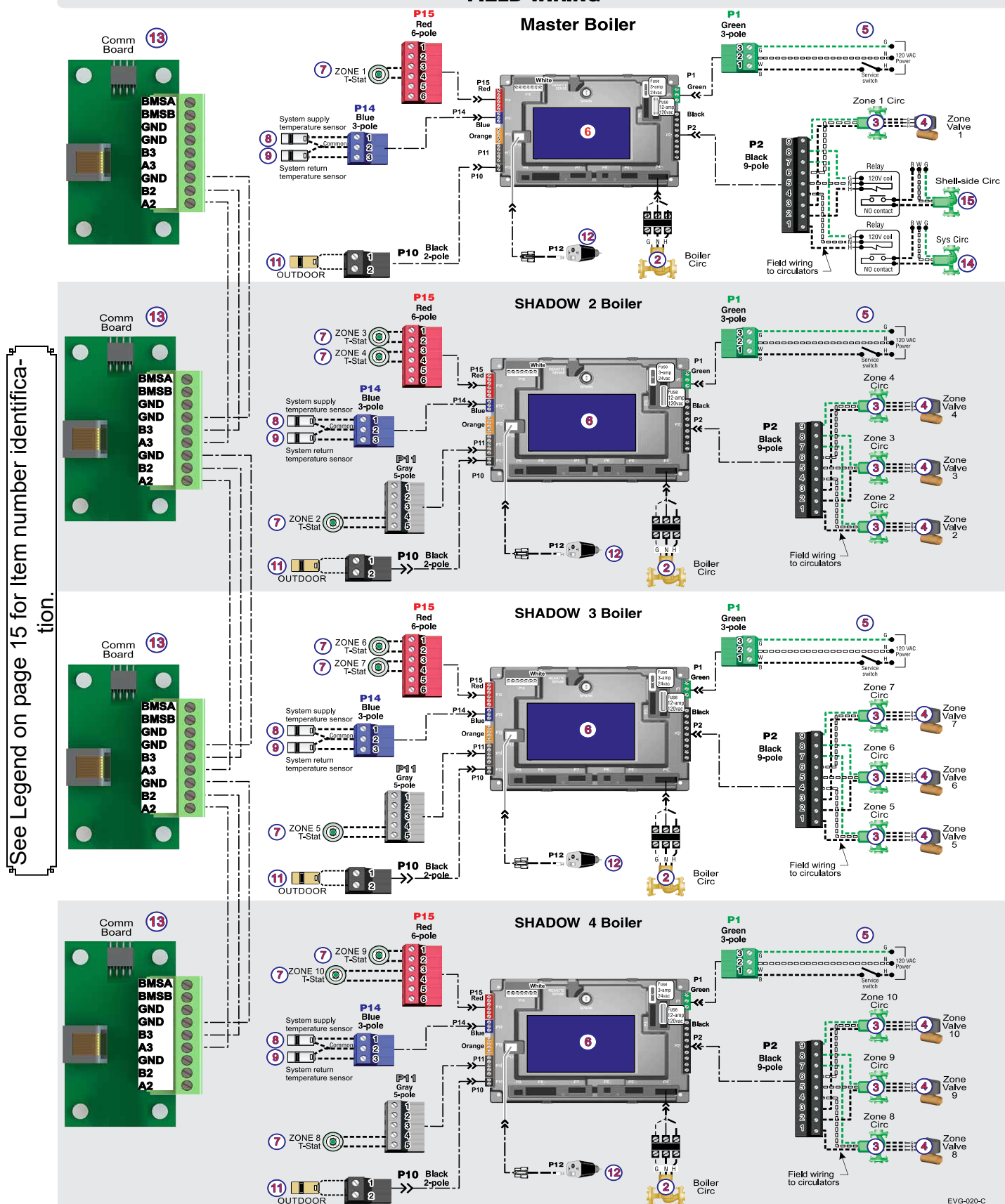
- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>1 Flow/check or spring check valve.</p> <p>2 Isolation valves (when used).</p> <p>3 Cap.</p> <p>4 Easy-Fit® Manifold (supply) — layout and size per page 7.</p> <p>5 Easy-Fit® Manifold (return) — layout and size per page 7.</p> <p>6a Heating system circulator (exchanger tube-side).</p> <p>6b Heat exchanger shell-side circulator</p> <p>7 Expansion tanks (diaphragm type).</p> <p>8 System air eliminator.</p> <p>9 System automatic air vent.</p> <p>12 Boiler drain valves.</p> | <p>13 Cold water supply connections (per applicable codes).</p> <p>17 Boiler circulator — circulates water between boiler and Easy-Fit® Manifolds.</p> <p>18 Heating system supply.</p> <p>19 Heating system return.</p> <p>20 Boiler relief valve and discharge piping, installed per Evergreen® boiler manual.</p> <p>21 Strap system supply and return sensors to lines as shown, at least 6 pipe diameters (but no more than 3 feet) from boiler connection tees. For redundancy, you can install multiple sensors, each connected to a different boiler.</p> <p>31 Unions.</p> <p>34 Low water cutoff.</p> |
|--|---|

Notes:

1. Contact heat exchanger manufacturer for heat exchanger shell-side and tube-side piping and circulator requirements. Tube-side flow and temperatures must meet heating system requirements.
2. Contact heat exchanger manufacturer for sizing heat exchanger.
3. Heat exchanger shell-side circuit requires its own expansion tank as shown.
4. Heating system circuit requires its own expansion tank, as shown, plus its own relief valve set to protect heating system and heat exchanger piping and components.
5. When individual isolation valves are used, individual boiler and level controls may be required.

Fast-Track Setup — Typical Application C (cont.)

FIELD WIRING



EVG-020-C



Fast-Track Setup — Typical Application C *(cont.)*

⚠ WARNING Boiler Model, Altitude and Fuel Type are critical settings. Failure to set correctly could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Purpose

- Isolation heat exchanger for applications with high system pressure (over 30 PSIG), such as tall buildings. Typical application shown with shell and tube heat exchanger provided by installer. Boiler maximum allowable pressure is 30 PSI. Space heating provided by hot water supply of heat exchanger to terminal units.
- System circulator and shell-side circulator are activated on call for heat by the heating system.
- DHW system not shown.

Control setting notes

- See the tables in Figure 13 for required and optional settings.
- The table follows the general setup required to achieve the shown systems with shown priorities.
- Settings can be made using the WIZARD or by following instructions elsewhere in this manual to enter the settings manually.

Figure 13 Typical Application C — multiple boiler system — setup requirements (parameters not listed below can be left at factory default settings unless special needs indicate different settings)

Boiler Wiring and Control Settings (See Figure 12, page 22 for items referenced)						
Boiler ID	TT input	Wired from:	Input Assignment	Aux Option	Output	Wired to: ***
1 Master	1	No Wire	Aux Pump/Output **	Any TT Input By It's Priority Settings **	1	System Circ
	2	No Wire	Aux Pump/Output	Any TT Input By It's Priority Settings	2	Shell-side Circ
	3	Zone 1 Tstat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	3	Zone 1 Circ/Valve
2 Shadow	1	Zone 2 Tstat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	1	Zone 2 Circ/Valve
	2	Zone 3 Tstat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	2	Zone 3 Circ/Valve
	3	Zone 4 Tstat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	3	Zone 4 Circ/Valve
3 Shadow	1	Zone 5 Tstat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	1	Zone 5 Circ/Valve
	2	Zone 6 Tstat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	2	Zone 6 Circ/Valve
	3	Zone 7 Tstat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	3	Zone 7 Circ/Valve
4 Shadow	1	Zone 8 Tstat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	1	Zone 8 Circ/Valve
	2	Zone 9 Tstat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	2	Zone 9 Circ/Valve
	3	Zone 10 Tstat	Priority 2 - Network 1	N/A	3	Zone 10 Circ/Valve
** System circulator will not be used if system is circulator zoned. Aux Pump/Output would not be required. An additional Zone CIRC. could be used here, instead. *** Outputs are 120 VAC maximum 2.0 amps. Use relay for other voltages or higher amperages.						

Priority Settings					
Priority #	Setting	Value	Priority #	Setting	Value
Priority 2 – Network 1	System Type	Select CUSTOM and set temperatures and other as needed for heat exchanger			
	Run Blr Pump	YES			
	Run Aux Output	YES			

Circulators and piping

⚠ WARNING Provide an external relay and external power to any circulator if its load rating exceeds 2.2 amps FLA, 3.6 amps locked rotor, or 16.4 amps in rush.

- Piping must be primary/secondary as shown, with the boiler piped in a secondary loop.
- Size circulators for required flow.
- Zone circulators and relays supplied by installer. For alternate zone wiring using a zone controller, see page 36.

This image shows a full page of blank graph paper. The grid consists of thin, light gray horizontal and vertical lines that intersect to form small squares across the entire surface. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

Field wiring *(see wiring diagram, Figure 15, page 34)*

Evergreen® boiler wiring

Connecting terminals

All field wiring is made through the eight (8) colored connectors (shipped loose with boiler) directly to the control module. Line voltage, 120 VAC, terminals are on the top of the control module. Low voltage, 24 VAC, terminals are on the bottom of the control module.

Wire entrances

Wire entrance knockouts are provided on the top left, the bottom left side and the top right side of the boiler cabinet:

1. Line voltage— five (5) knockouts on the top left of the cabinet (Line In, Output 1, 2, 3, Boiler Circ.).
2. Low voltage— two (2) knockouts on the bottom left side of the cabinet.
3. Multiple boiler communication wiring—a single knockout on the top right side of the cabinet.

⚠ WARNING Installer MUST use a strain relief through jacket knockouts. Failure to do so can cause severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

⚠ WARNING Installer MUST SEAL all electrical entrances using a sealed strain relief or a strain relief sealed with duct seal putty or silicone. Sealing the entrances prevents the boiler from drawing air from inside the boiler room. This is particularly important if the boiler is located in the same room as other gas appliances. Failure to seal entrances could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Wire routing in the cabinet

Line voltage: (120VAC in, circulator outputs)

1. Install four (4) of the wire tie bases to the holes on the left side interior of the cabinet.
2. Line voltage should be wired from the top left electrical entrances following the left side of the cabinet.
3. Wires should be bundled together and secure with the provided wire ties to the wire tie bases located on the left side wire chase. Two (2) sets of bases are provided, one (1) for line in and one (1) for the circulator outputs. Route wires in front of the transformer then into terminal blocks.
4. Strip end of wire no more than 1/8" to avoid exposing uninsulated wire.
5. It is recommended to install an On/Off service switch in a junction box mounted near the boiler. Installation must meet all National and local electrical codes.

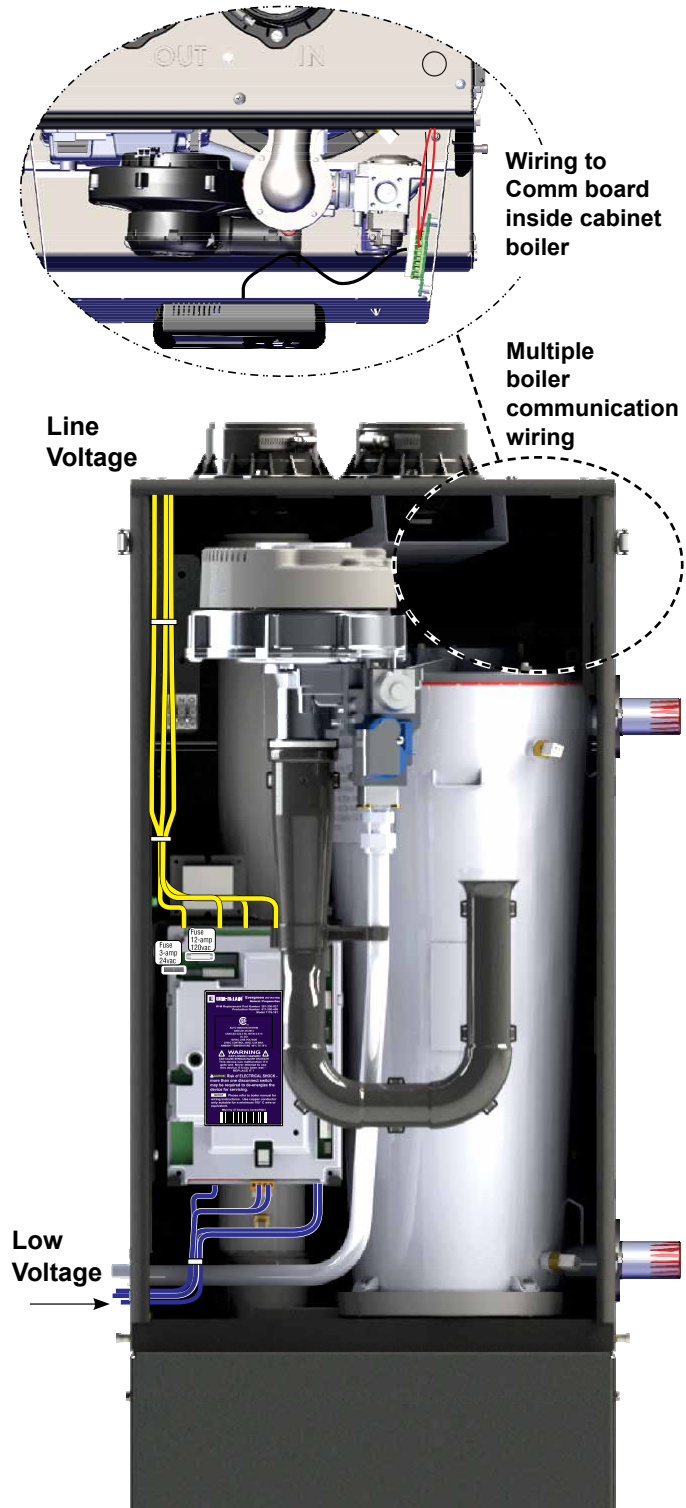
Low voltage:

1. Mount low voltage wire grommet to desired low voltage knockout.
2. Thermostat, aquastat, limit devices, system sensors, 0-10VDC input and outdoor temperature sensor wire pairs should be routed through the grommet.
3. Wires should be connected directly into the corresponding terminal block.
4. Low water cutoff (optional) should be routed following the instructions in step 3. Provide strain relief and a seal at cabinet entry.
5. Bundle all wires together with provided wire ties.
6. After wires are attached to the control terminal blocks, make sure wires are properly sealed in the cabinet electrical entrances.

Multiple boiler communication wiring

1. Wires should be shielded thermostat wires, or equivalent.
2. Route wires through top right knockout to communication board on display bracket.
3. Provide strain relief and seal at cabinet entry.

Figure 14 Field wiring overview (see Figure 15, page 34 and Figure 16, page 35 for detailed schematic and ladder wiring diagrams)



Field wiring *(see wiring diagram, Figure 15, page 34)*

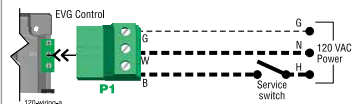
A. 120 VAC Power Supply – REQUIRED

Terminal Block P1

- Provide and install a properly-sized, fused disconnect or service switch as required by applicable codes. (15-amp for most cases.)
 - Use table at right to determine total load.
- Connect properly sized **120 VAC** power wiring to Evergreen® boiler line voltage terminal strip P1 as shown at right.
- If possible, provide a surge suppressor in the supply power line. This will reduce the possibilities of control damage due to line surges.
- Must wire ground to this terminal to provide boiler grounding.

Determine total load

Boiler & boiler pump (combined load)	5.6 amps
Output 1	_____ amps
(2.0 amps max)	
Output 2	_____ amps
(2.0 amps max)	
Output 3	_____ amps
(2.0 amps max)	
TOTAL	_____ amps



See Figure 15, page 34 for details

B. 120 VAC Outputs 1, 2 & 3 – On each boiler – As needed for systems

Terminal Strip P2 (EVG control module)

- Output 1: P2 Terminals 1 (H), 4 (N), 7 (G).
- Output 2: P2 Terminals 2 (H), 5 (N), 8 (G).
- Output 3: P2 Terminals 3 (H), 6 (N), 9 (G).
- Maximum load: 2.2 amps (use relay if circulator load is higher). See WARNING below.
- Each boiler has three outputs (Output 1, Output 2, and Output 3) that provide 120 VAC to the following listed below.
 - A zone circulator.
 - A system circulator.
 - A DHW circulator (used to circulate through an indirect tank).
 - An auxiliary item that must be energized during an input call, such as an air damper.
- When using inputs/outputs for heat/DHW demands, each input (Input 1, Input 2, and Input 3) controls its respective 120 VAC output (Output 1, Output 2, and Output 3). Outputs are energized only when BOTH conditions below are met:
 - The corresponding input indicates a call for heat/DHW (i.e., contact closure).
 - The PRIORITY assigned to the Input/Output pair is ACTIVE (i.e., the zone may be calling but the pump won't activate unless the boiler is currently running on that system/priority).
- When using the inputs/outputs for the AUX PUMP/OUTPUT function, the output is controlled by selectable conditions set up in the control.
 - Use the AUX PUMP/OUTPUT function for devices such as system pumps, combustion air dampers, and other auxiliary equipment to activate when the boiler is on/running.
 - See page 56 and page 57 for more information on the setup and selection of operating conditions.

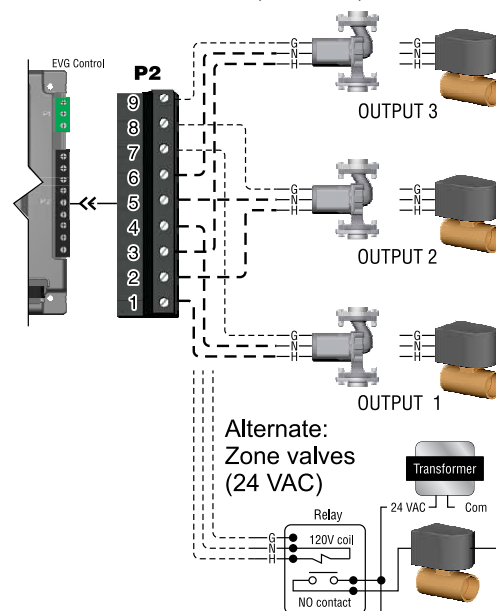
NOTICE

For Priority DHW Application:

The DHW aquastat(s) and pumps can be connected to any one of the three input/output pairs.

The selected input should be assigned to LOCAL or P1 if single, PRIORITY 1 if direct piped to the boiler, or NETWORK PRIORITY 1 if located in the system. Set the assignment during the WIZARD setup or manually in the ASSIGN INPUTS menu.

Circulators (2.2 amps max) or
Zone valves (120 VAC)



See Figure 15, page 34 for details

WARNING

Output circuits are 120 VAC. If an output is to operate a low voltage circuit or must be an isolated contact, use an isolation relay. See example above for 24 VAC zone valves.

WARNING

CIRCULATOR POWER — The maximum allowable current for each circulator is 2.2 amps at 120 VAC.

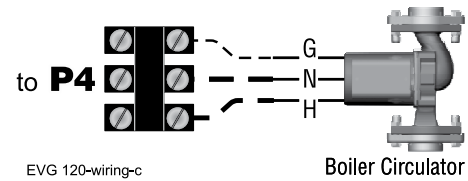
For circulators with higher amp ratings, install a circulator relay or starter. Connect only the 120 VAC coil to the Evergreen® circulator terminals.

Field wiring *(see wiring diagram, Figure 15, page 34)(continued)*

C. 120 VAC to Boiler Circulator – **REQUIRED**

Terminal Strip P4 on Comm Board

1. Provides 120 VAC to the boiler circulator at P4 Terminal to Control module.
2. Terminals are: 1 (H), 2 (N), 3 (G).
3. Maximum load: 2.0 amps (use relay if circulator load is higher). See WARNING.
4. The boiler circulator (shipped loose with boiler) is used in the boiler loop of the primary / secondary piping. Primary / secondary piping is required to be used with the Evergreen® boiler to ensure proper flow through the heat exchanger.



See Figure 15, page 34 for details

D. 24 VAC Inputs 1, 2 and 3 (tstats, end switches, etc.) – *As needed for systems*

Terminal Strip P11 (input 1) & Terminal Strip P15 (inputs 2 & 3) (EVG control module)

1. Input 1 – Terminal Strip P11 – 4 & 5 (EVG control module)
2. Input 2 – Terminal Strip P15 – 1 & 2 (EVG control module)
3. Input 3 – Terminal Strip P15 – 3 & 4 (EVG control module)
4. These three inputs on each boiler can indicate a call for heat to the control by means of a dry contact closure (thermostat, aquastat, or switch). (See right and Figure 15, page 34).
5. Each control provides input/output pairs for up to three zones or three systems (priorities). For multiple boiler applications, this is true for each boiler (for eight boilers, total is 3 x 8 or 24).
6. For DHW applications, the aquastat can be connected to one of the three input/output pairs. Wire the DHW circulator to the corresponding output.
 - a. For minimum setup steps, take advantage of the factory default settings. Use LOCAL PRIORITY 1 for the DHW circuit if piped directly to the boiler, or NETWORK PRIORITY 1 if the DHW circuit is located in the system as a zone.
 - b. For DHW circuits piped as a zone in a system with a system pump, setup the control to run AUX PUMP/ OUTPUT during DHW operation. This can be done during the WIZARD setup process. Note that the input used for AUX PUMP/OUTPUT cannot be used to accept a heat input.
7. The default control setting uses each input (INPUT 1, INPUT 2, and INPUT 3) to control its respective 120 VAC output (OUTPUT 1, OUTPUT 2, and OUTPUT 3).

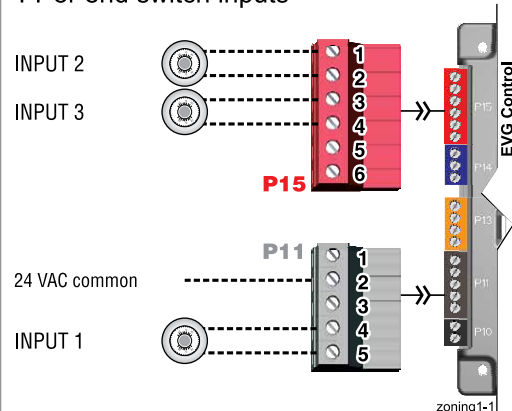
NOTICE

DHW circuit in system — For high-demand DHW circuits, the control setting for MIN BOILERS must be set using the NETWORK 1 or NETWORK 2 priority menu after the WIZARD is completed to ensure quick response to demand. See page 53 for a description of the MIN BOILERS setting.

NOTICE

Use of 0–10VDC input for modulation disables INPUT 1 from creating calls for heat. This function can only be set up on single boilers. See page 32 for instructions.

TT or end switch inputs



See Figure 15, page 34 for details

WARNING

Thermostats — **DO NOT** supply 24-volt power to the thermostat circuits (Input1, Input2 and Input3 in Figure 15, page 34) or attempt to supply 24 volts for any other application.

For thermostats that require a continuous 24-volt power source, connect the common wire ("C") to **P11** Pin 2 (see Figure 15, page 34). Do NOT exceed total amp draw per thermostat.

Zone valves — If using 3-wire zone valves, use relays to provide dry contacts to the Control thermostat connections. The zone valve end switches of 3-wire valves carry 24 VAC from the valve.

Thermostat anticipator setting — 0.1 amps.

Field wiring *(see wiring diagram, Figure 15, page 34)(continued)*

E. System supply and return temperature sensors – **REQUIRED**

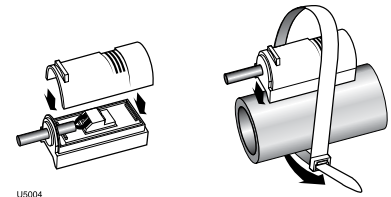
Terminal Block P14 (EVG control module)

- Two strap-on temperature sensors are shipped with each boiler. Attach one to the system supply piping and the other to the system return piping. For piping larger than 5 inch diameter or nonmetallic piping, using immersion sensors will provide faster response. See Evergreen® boiler manual replacement parts section for available immersion sensors.

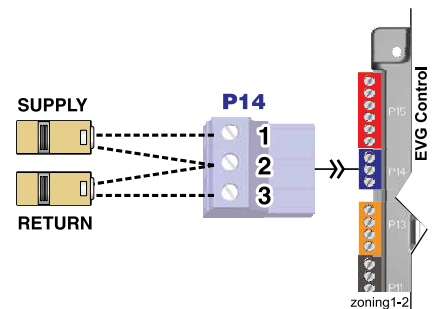
NOTICE Preferably, connect outdoor, system supply and system return sensors to more than one boiler to provide redundancy. If one of the sensors fails, the master boiler Evergreen® control automatically look for an available sensor.

- Locate the supply sensor at least six pipe diameters, but no further than 3 feet, downstream from the boiler connection to the main to ensure adequate mixing.
- Supply sensor – wire between P14 #1 and #2 (common).
- Return sensor – wire between P14 #3 and #2 (common).
- Thermostat wire can be used to connect these sensors.
- The Control compares the system return temperature with the system supply temperature. Should the return temperature ever exceed the supply temperature, the Control knows there is likely a sensor failure and will report this problem on the display.

NOTICE All heating systems shown in this manual require the System Supply and Return sensors to be installed for proper control function. System will not properly provide heat if sensors are not installed according to these instructions.



Strap to supply & return piping



See Figure 15, page 34 for details

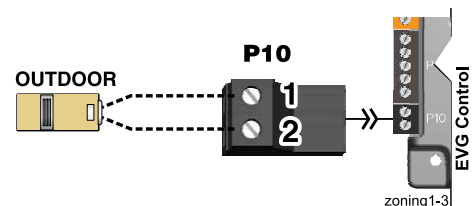
F. Outdoor temperature sensor – **REQUIRED unless exempted**

Terminal Block P10 (EVG control module)

- The control provides programmable options if using an outdoor temperature sensor. This sensor is supplied with the boiler.
- The outdoor sensor must be installed unless specifically exempted in the Energy Act statement on page 2.**
- Mount the outdoor sensor on an exterior wall, shielded from direct sunlight or flow of heat or cooling from other sources.

NOTICE Preferably, connect outdoor, system supply and system return sensors to more than one boiler to provide redundancy. If one of the sensors fails, the master boiler Evergreen® control automatically look for an available sensor.

- The wire outlet on the sensor must be oriented DOWN to prevent water entry.
- Connect the sensor leads to the terminal shown at right and in the wiring diagrams (see Figure 15, page 34). Thermostat wire can be used to connect the sensor.

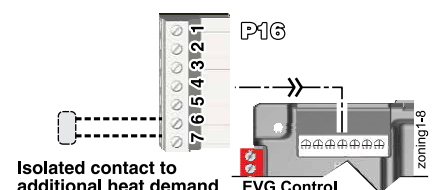


See Figure 15, page 34 for details

G. Additional heat demand contacts – **OPTIONAL**

Terminal Block P16 #6 & #7 (EVG control module)

- Each boiler's control module can be set to activate another heat source using its additional heat demand dry contacts through terminal block P16 pins 6 & 7.
- Connect these terminals to call for heat from the other heat source.
- Set the control to activate the heat demand contacts as needed.
- The setup is done in the priority menu for the priority that will call for the additional heat operation. See page 55 for details.
- Contact electrical ratings: 24 VAC or less; 0.5 amp or less.
- See "Add'l Heat Demand" on page 53 regarding which boilers may use this function, depending on the priority being used.



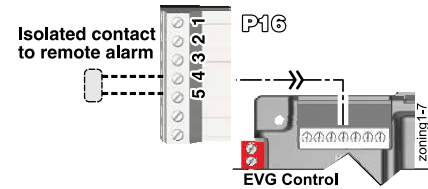
See Figure 15, page 34 for details

Field wiring *(see wiring diagram, Figure 15, page 34)(continued)*

H. Alarm contacts – OPTIONAL

Terminal Block P16 #4 & #5 (EVG control module)

1. The control's alarm dry contact (P16, terminals 4 and 5) closes when the boiler enters manual lockout only.
2. Connect these terminals for remote alarm notification.
3. Contact electrical ratings: 24 VAC or less; 0.5 amp or less.



See Figure 15, page 34 for details

I. External limits – OPTIONAL

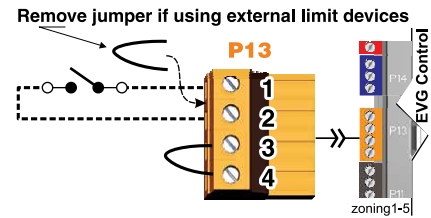
To cause **MANUAL** reset: Terminal Block P13 #1 & #2 (EVG control module)

EVG control will require manual reset after circuit is interrupted

1. Remove factory-installed jumper and connect isolated contacts of external limits across P13 pins 1 and 2 to cause the control to enter manual reset lockout if the limit circuit opens. The limit must close and the control must be manually reset using the procedure given in this manual. See drawing at right and wiring diagram (Figure 15, page 34).

NOTICE

The control will lockout when a limit in its manual reset circuit opens (P13 pins 1 & 2). The control activates its alarm terminals and shuts the boiler off. An operator (user or technician) must manually reset the control to resume heating. Cycling power on and off will NOT reset the control.

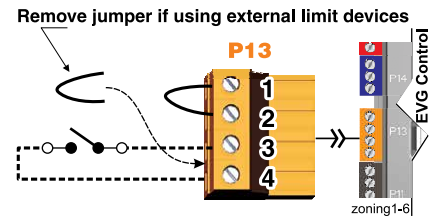


See Figure 15, page 34 for details

To cause **AUTOMATIC** reset: Terminal Block P13 #3 & #4 (EVG control module)

EVG control will reset automatically after circuit is interrupted

1. Remove factory-installed jumper and connect isolated contacts of external limits across P13 pins 3 and 4 to cause the control to shut down the burner on limit opening, then automatically restart 150 seconds after the limit closes.
2. See drawing at right and wiring diagram (Figure 15, page 34).



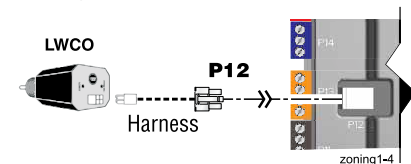
See Figure 15, page 34 for details

J. Low water cutoff – WHEN REQUIRED

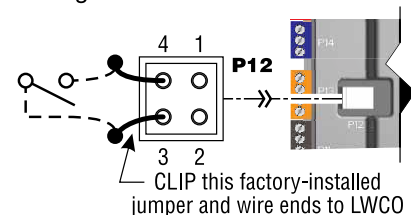
Terminal Block P12 (EVG control module)

1. Install a low water cut-off when required.
2. Wiring Weil-McLain LWCO Kit
 - a. When possible, use the Weil-McLain Low water cut-off kit listed in the Boiler manual replacement parts section. It includes a probe-type low water cut-off and provides a simple harness connection for the wiring.
 - b. Connect as shown at top right and in the control wiring diagram (Figure 15, page 34).
3. Wiring another LWCO — must have isolated contact
 - a. Other low water cut-offs can be used with the EVG only if the device uses an isolated contact for the LWCO function.
 - b. Connect as shown at bottom right.

Wiring for Weil-McLain LWCO Kit



Wiring other isolated contact LWCO



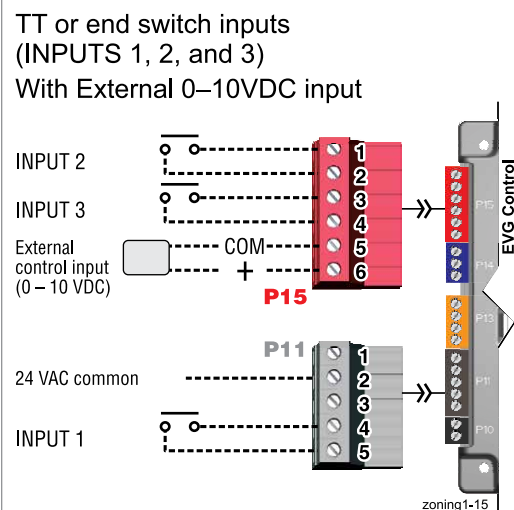
See Figure 15, page 34 for details

Field wiring *(see wiring diagram, Figure 15, page 34)(continued)*

K. 0–10 VDC Remote TARGET input – OPTIONAL

Terminal Block P15 #5 & #6 (EVG control module)

- See illustration at right and Figure 15, page 34 (wiring diagram) for details.
- Remote target using 0–10VDC input requires a 0–10VDC input signal at P15-5/6 as shown at right.
 - The input positive connection must be at P15 terminal 6 and the common connection at terminal 5.
 - Using PRIORITY 1, 2, or 3 for single boiler, or LOCAL PRIORITY 1 or LOCAL PRIORITY 2 for a network boiler. **The 0–10VDC input must be to that boiler.**
 - Using NETWORK PRIORITY 1 or NETWORK PRIORITY 2 for a network boiler. The 0–10VDC input must be made **to the MASTER boiler of the network.**
- The illustration at right also shows how to connect TT or end switch contacts at INPUT 1, INPUT 2 and INPUT 3 of any boiler.
 - If the target controller has a heat demand contact, connect it to one of the INPUTs and set up in the WIZARD or manually.
 - A dry contact heat demand must be applied to one of the inputs in order to initiate a call for heat.
- The 0–10VDC signal is used to adjust the supply target temperature, using the TARGET ADJUST setting. Set TARGET ADJUST during the WIZARD or manually in the setup menu for the priority chosen.
- Suggested 0–10VDC remote target setup for single boiler or a local priority:**
 - Use PRIORITY 1 (or LOCAL PRIORITY 1) for the DHW heating circuit when used. This priority's default values are set for DHW, direct-connected to the boiler. Verify that settings are suitable for the application, changing if needed.
 - Use PRIORITY 2 (or LOCAL PRIORITY 2) for the heating circuit that uses the 0–10VDC input.
 - For single boilers, the factory default settings for either of these priorities make them a good choice for space heating applications. Set priority values to the following:
 - Set TARGET ADJUST value to 0–10V.
 - Set VOLTS FOR MAX at the voltage that will call for the highest target temperature. Set SUPPLY MAX at this temperature.
 - Set VOLTS FOR MIN at the voltage that will call for the lowest target temperature. Set SUPPLY MIN at this temperature.
 - For voltages between VOLTS FOR MAX and VOLTS FOR MIN, the target temperature will range proportionately between SUPPLY MAX and SUPPLY MIN.
 - NOTE: The 0–10VDC signal replaces the ODT sensor as the target temperature modifier (TARGET ADJUST setting). The EVG control does not control target.
- Suggested 0–10VDC remote target setup for a network priority:**
 - Setup the control as above, but select NETWORK PRIORITY 2 for the heating circuit that uses the 0–10VDC input..
 - If a local (direct-connected) DHW circuit is used, select LOCAL PRIORITY 1 for DHW. If a DHW circuit in the system is used, select NETWORK PRIORITY 1 for DHW.



See Figure 15, page 34 for details

Field wiring *(see wiring diagram, Figure 15, page 34)(continued)*

L. 0–10 VDC Remote MODULATION input – OPTIONAL

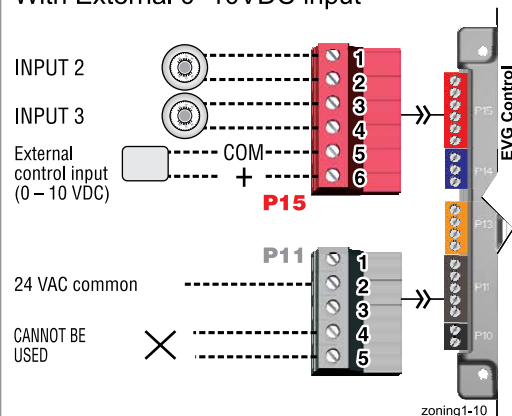
Terminal Block P15 #5 & #6 (EVG control module)



Using an external multiple boiler controller — Remote modulation using an external controller only works with each boiler set up as a SINGLE boiler in the EVG Control setup.

1. See illustration at right and Figure 15, page 34 for details.
2. This illustration also shows how to connect TT or end switch contacts at INPUT 2 and INPUT 3 for other uses.
3. This function can only be used with a single boiler, NOT for a boiler in a network.
4. Note that using 0–10VDC input replaces INPUT 1 for generating a heat demand. Do not wire any input to INPUT 1 as shown at right.
5. Remote modulation requires a 0–10VDC input signal at P15-4/5 as shown at right.
 - a. The 0–10VDC input positive connection must be at terminal 6 and common connection at terminal 5.
6. Control setup:
 - a. Many options are available for configuring the control. The following is a suggested setup that uses factory default settings as much as possible.
 - b. If DHW is required, use PRIORITY 1 to minimize setup steps.
 - Connect the DHW aquastat to INPUT 2 or INPUT 3 and assign the input used to PRIORITY 1.
 - Verify that control settings are suitable for the application, changing if necessary.
 - c. Use PRIORITY 2 for the system to be remote modulated.
 - The factory default settings for this priority are best suited for space heating.
 - Assign INPUT 1 to the priority chosen. Accept all defaults for INPUT 1 — no changes should be necessary during the WIZARD.
 - After the WIZARD has been completed, go to the ASSIGN INPUTS menu for INPUT 1. Change SOURCE to 0–10V (default setting is TT1). See page 56 for ASSIGN INPUTS menu information.
7. Operation:
 - a. The boiler comes on at 0.9VDC and turns off at 0.8VDC. 2 VDC = 20% input. 10 VDC = 100% input. These voltage settings are not adjustable.
 - b. OUTPUT 1 (120 VAC) is activated and deactivated as the heat demand is turned on and off. This output is a good choice to operate the system pump.
8. NOTE: The EVG control can be configured to use either 0–10VDC for target operation (see previous section) or modulation, **but not both**.

TT or end switch inputs (INPUTS 2, 3)
With External 0–10VDC input



See Figure 15, page 34 for details

Field wiring *(see wiring diagram, Figure 15, page 34)(continued)*

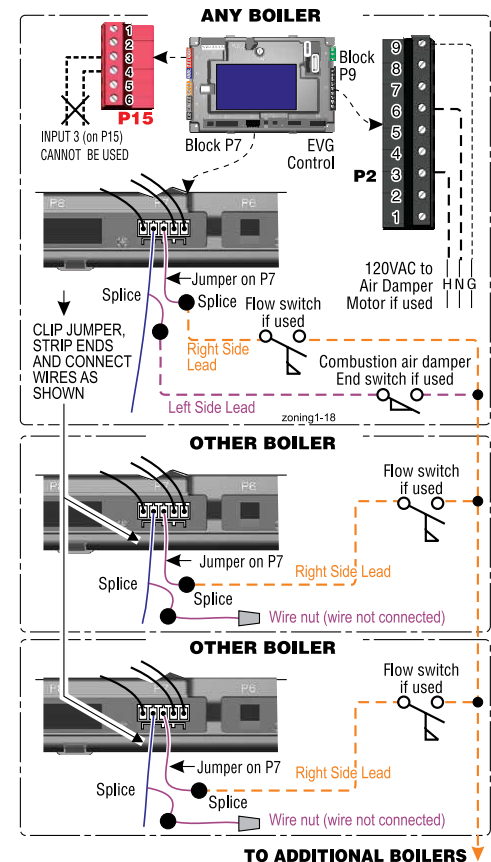
M. Proof of closure (flow switch and/or CAD) – OPTIONAL

Jumper on Terminal Strip P7 (EVG control)

1. A flow switch or combustion air damper (CAD) interlock can be configured by clipping the jumper on terminal strip P7. Strip the jumper ends and wire components as shown at right and in the wiring diagram (Figure 15, page 34).
2. No control settings are required when using a flow switch.
 - a. Each boiler is assumed to have its own flow switch, wired as shown at right.
3. To configure the EVG control for a CAD interlock:
 - a. Assign any INPUT (recommend **INPUT 3**) as a **AUX PUMP/ OUTPUT** function. For multiple boiler applications, use **any input on any boiler in the network**. The example at right demonstrates using **INPUT/OUTPUT 3** on the MASTER boiler.
 - b. For the AUX PUMP/ OUTPUT operating mode, select ANY BURNER DEMAND. This ensures the damper will be activated any time any boiler is called on to fire.
 - c. Wire the corresponding **OUTPUT** (following recommendation, **OUTPUT 3**) to provide 120 VAC to the damper motor when activated. Use an isolation relay if damper motor requires another voltage or more than 2.0 amps on 120 VAC.
 - d. For a multiple boiler system, when any boiler is called on to fire, whether for local or network demand, the combustion air damper will be powered (120 VAC) from the assigned boiler **OUTPUT** as shown at right (using **OUTPUT 3** on the master boiler).

NOTICE The devices used must provide electrically isolated contacts, because the P7 jumper circuit carries 5 VDC.

NOTICE Ensure that the wires are connected only as shown. The **right side of each jumper must connect only to the right side of other jumpers**. Failure to comply will cause incorrect operation of the proof of closure circuits.

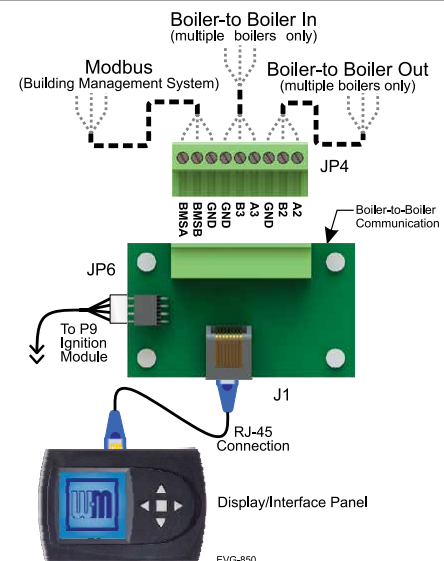


See Figure 15, page 34 for details

N. Multiple Boiler and BMS Connections

Terminal Strip JP4 on Comm Board (display bracket right side)

1. The boiler control is capable of multiple boiler communication and control of up to eight Evergreen® boilers in one installation.
2. The boiler control is also capable of BMS (Building Management System) communication.
3. See wiring at right and in the wiring diagram (Figure 15, page 34).
4. Use shielded 3-wire cable. Do not exceed 1,000 feet wire length.
5. Boiler to Boiler wiring connections
 - a. Connect 3-wire cable between Boiler-to-Boiler OUT (JP4-GND, B2, A2) on one boiler to Boiler-to-Boiler IN (JP4-GND, B3, A3) on the next boiler.
 - b. Continue this wiring until all boilers are interconnected.
6. MODBUS to BMS (Building Management System)
 - a. The control is equipped with MODBUS communication to communicate with a BMS.
 - b. Use terminal JP4 (JP4-BMSA, BMSB, GND) to wire to the BMS control.
 - c. If the BMS uses BACnet protocol, install a BACnet converter between the BMS and the Evergreen® MODBUS-to-BMS terminals (P5).

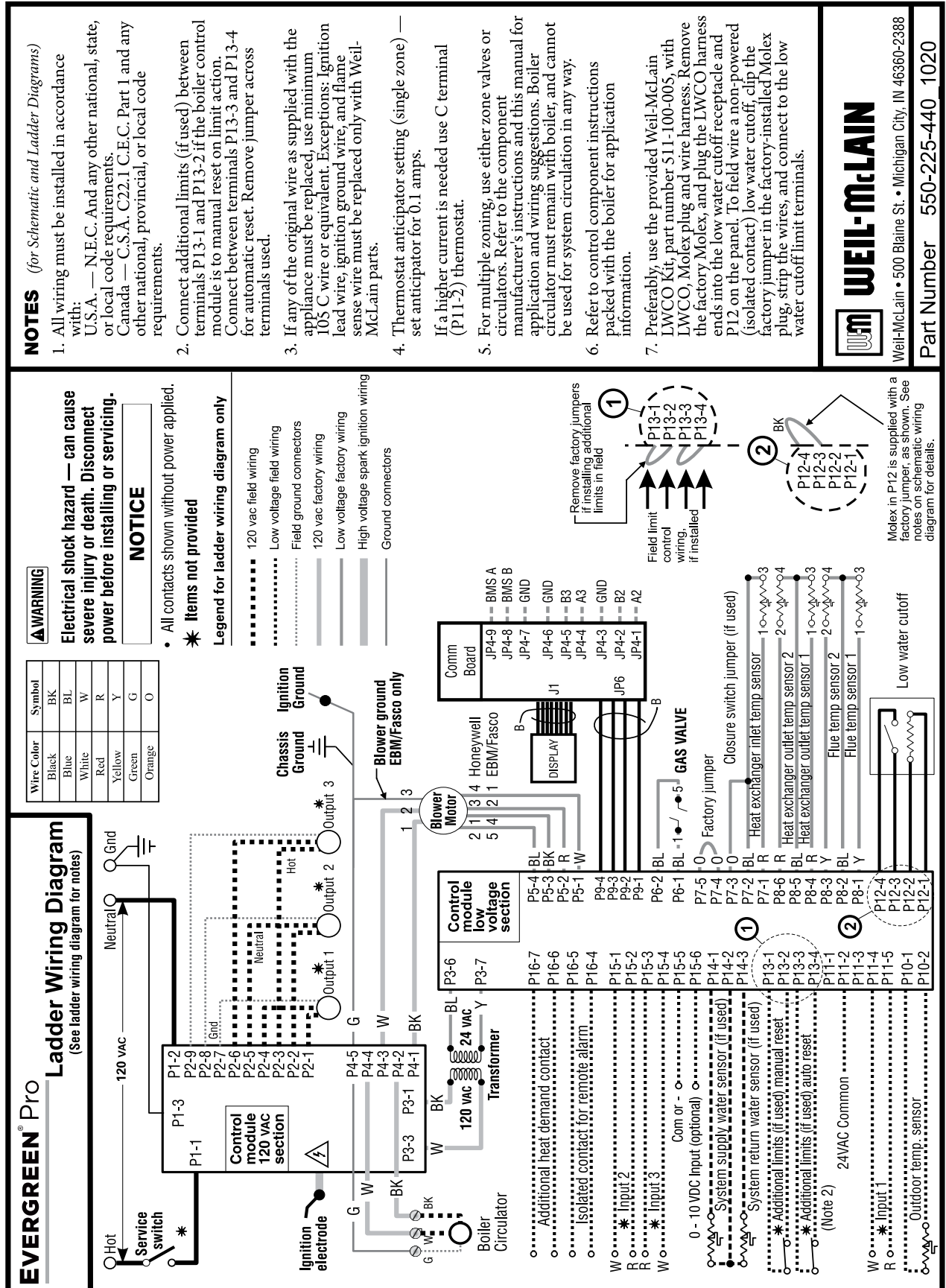


See Figure 15, page 34 for details



Wiring diagram — ladder

Figure 16 Evergreen® ladder wiring diagram (see Figure 15, page 34 for schematic wiring diagram)

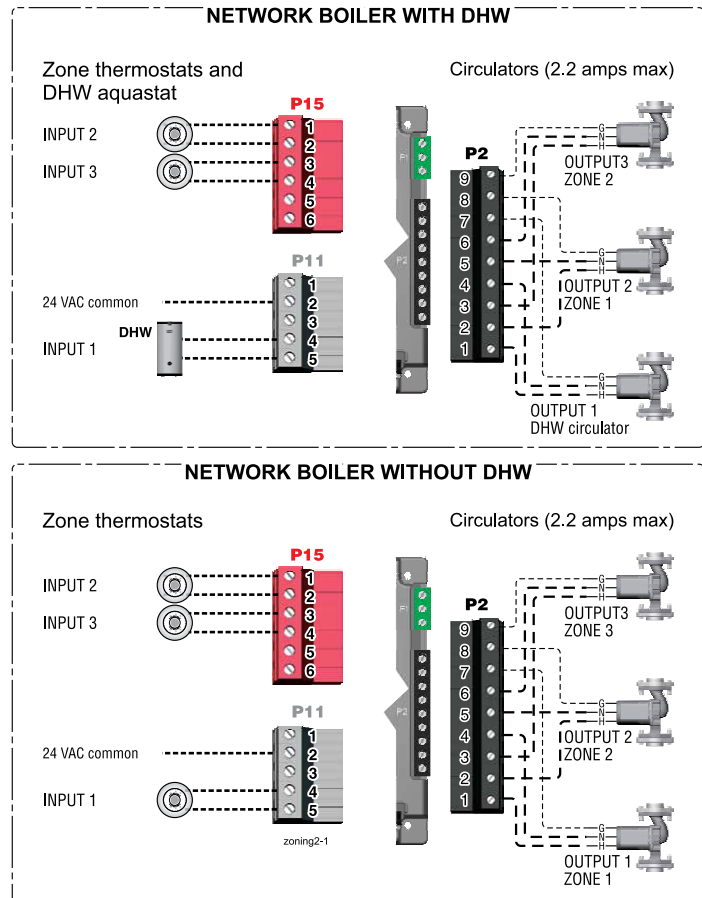


Zoning with the EVG Control

A. Zoning with CIRCULATORS, suggested applications

Multiple space heating zones — Optional DHW direct-piped to one or more boilers

- Review wiring information on page 27 (120 VAC outputs) and page 28 (24 VAC inputs).
- The configuration at right uses the three input/output pairs of each boiler to receive thermostat (or DHW aquastat) inputs on P11-4/5, P15-1/2, and P15-3/4; and circulator outputs on P2 as shown.
- Assign as many available input/output pairs in the network as needed for zoning.
- Individual boilers can be configured to operate direct-piped DHW loads as shown at right. Individual boilers can also be used for other direct-piped loads.
- Setting the controls for network space heating zones:
 - Recommended — assign the space heating input/outputs to NETWORK PRIORITY 2. The factory settings default to space heating, reducing the changes needed to set up the controls.
 - Choose the space heating system type that matches the heating system during the WIZARD setup or manually in the NETWORK PRIORITY 2 menu.
 - Use the factory default settings for the system type chosen, or change if needed.
- Setting the controls for individual boiler DHW loads:
 - Assign the input/output connected to the DHW loop to LOCAL PRIORITY 1, which defaults to settings for DHW.
 - Verify that settings are acceptable. Change if needed.
- Factory defaults should work for most other settings not listed above.

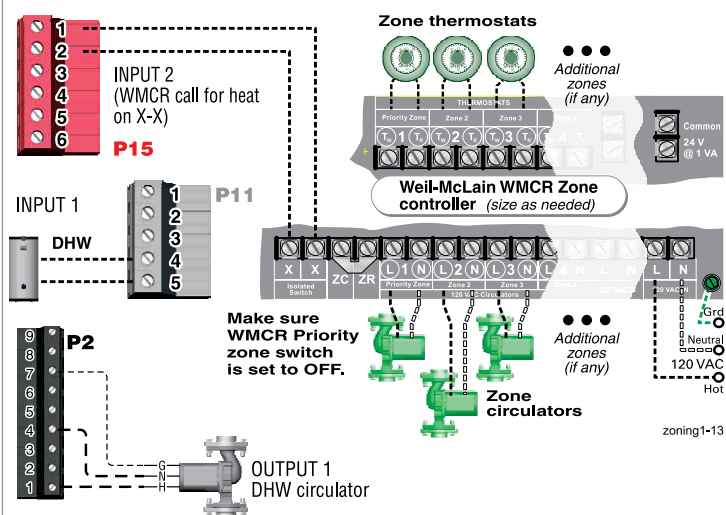


Zoning with the EVG Control *(continued)*

B. Zoning with CIRCULATORS, suggested applications

WMCR circulator zone controller plus DHW controlled by boiler, Optional DHW

- Review wiring information on page 27 (120 VAC outputs) and page 28 (24 VAC inputs).
- To shut down space heating during DHW operation:** Provide and connect relay **R1** (120 VAC coil with NC contact) to interrupt the zone controller's ZC-ZR (120 VAC operating circuit).
 - This is required in all applications where the DHW loop is piped in the system, not directly piped to a boiler. Also, the boiler circulator must be set to operate during DHW calls for system DHW applications.
 - For local DHW applications (DHW direct-piped to a boiler), this relay is optional. Space heating pumps will operate when called on by the zone controller, but no heat will be delivered to the system — the boiler circulator will not run during DHW heating.
- This application example provides domestic priority by using the EVG control(s).
- The configuration at right uses INPUT 2 on any boiler for space heating with the call for heat coming from the zone controller (X-X).
- INPUT 1 is connected to a DHW aquastat.
- This configuration applies to either a local demand (direct-piped to a single boiler) or a network demand (piped to the main system).
- Suggested for space heating: Assign INPUT 2 to either LOCAL PRIORITY 2 (direct) or NETWORK PRIORITY 2 (system). To set up the priority, choose the space heating system type that matches the heating system type during the WIZARD setup or manually in the priority menu.
- Suggested for DHW: Assign INPUT 1 to either LOCAL PRIORITY 1 (direct) or NETWORK PRIORITY 1 (system). Wire the DHW circulator to OUTPUT 1. Set the control for boiler pump ON if DHW is network piped. Set the control for boiler pump OFF if DHW is direct-piped to a boiler (local).
- Use the factory default settings for DHW and for the heating system type chosen, or change if needed. Factory defaults should work for other settings not listed above.



P15, P11, and P2 are terminal strips on the EVG control

Relay **R1**, when used, is provided by installer

Zoning with the EVG Control *(continued)*

C. Zoning with ZONE VALVES, multiple boilers, suggested applications

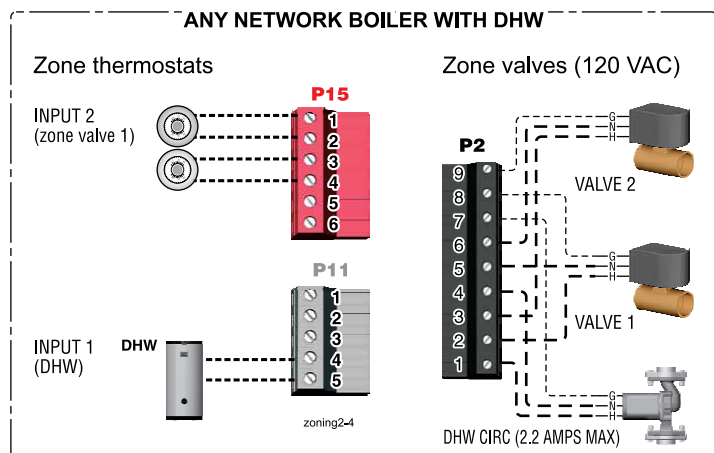
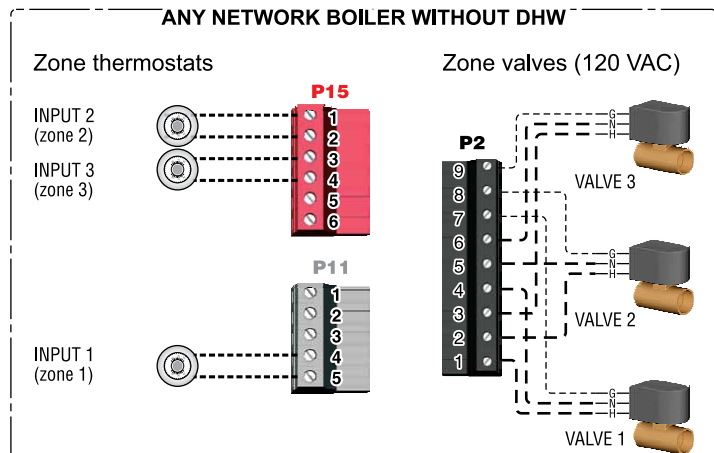
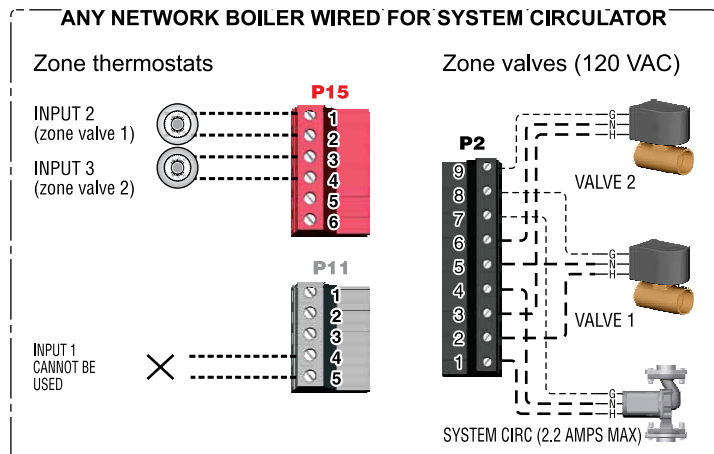
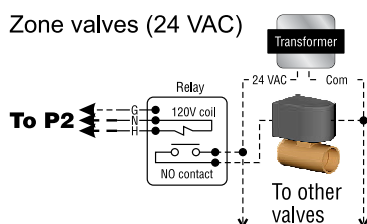
(see EVG Boiler Manual for single boiler suggested applications)

Multiple space heating zones with direct-piped DHW on one or more boilers (optional)

NOTICE

This suggested application only applies to systems with DHW piped directly to individual boilers. For systems with DHW connected to the system other control arrangements may be required.

- Review wiring information on page 27 (120 VAC outputs) and page 28 (24 VAC inputs).
- The configurations at right use the three input/output pairs of each boiler (except INPUT/OUTPUT 1 on the boiler wired for system circulator) to receive thermostat (or DHW aquastat) inputs on P11-4/5, P15-1/2, and P15-3/4. The space heating system circulator is connected to OUTPUT 1 (terminals 1, 4, and 7 on P2).
- Assign as many available input/output pairs in the network as needed for zoning.
- Setting the controls for network space heating zones:
 - Recommended — assign the space heating input/outputs to NETWORK PRIORITY 2. The factory settings default to space heating, reducing the changes needed to set up the controls.
 - Choose the space heating system type that matches the heating system during the WIZARD setup or manually in the NETWORK PRIORITY 2 menu.
 - Use the factory default settings for the system type chosen, or change if needed.
- On the boiler that is used for system circulator, assign INPUT 1 to AUX PUMP/ OUTPUT. Then select ANY INPUT BY ITS PRIORITY when prompted for when to activate the output. This will cause the system pump to run when any of the space heating zones calls for heat.
- Setting the controls for individual boiler DHW loads:
 - Assign the INPUT that is wired to the DHW aquastat to LOCAL PRIORITY 1, which defaults to settings for DHW.
 - Verify that settings are acceptable. Change if needed.
- On the boiler that is used for system circulator, Input 1 cannot be used for a wired connection (as shown in the top right diagram.)
- Factory defaults should work for other settings not listed above.
- Wire 24 VAC zone valves as shown below:

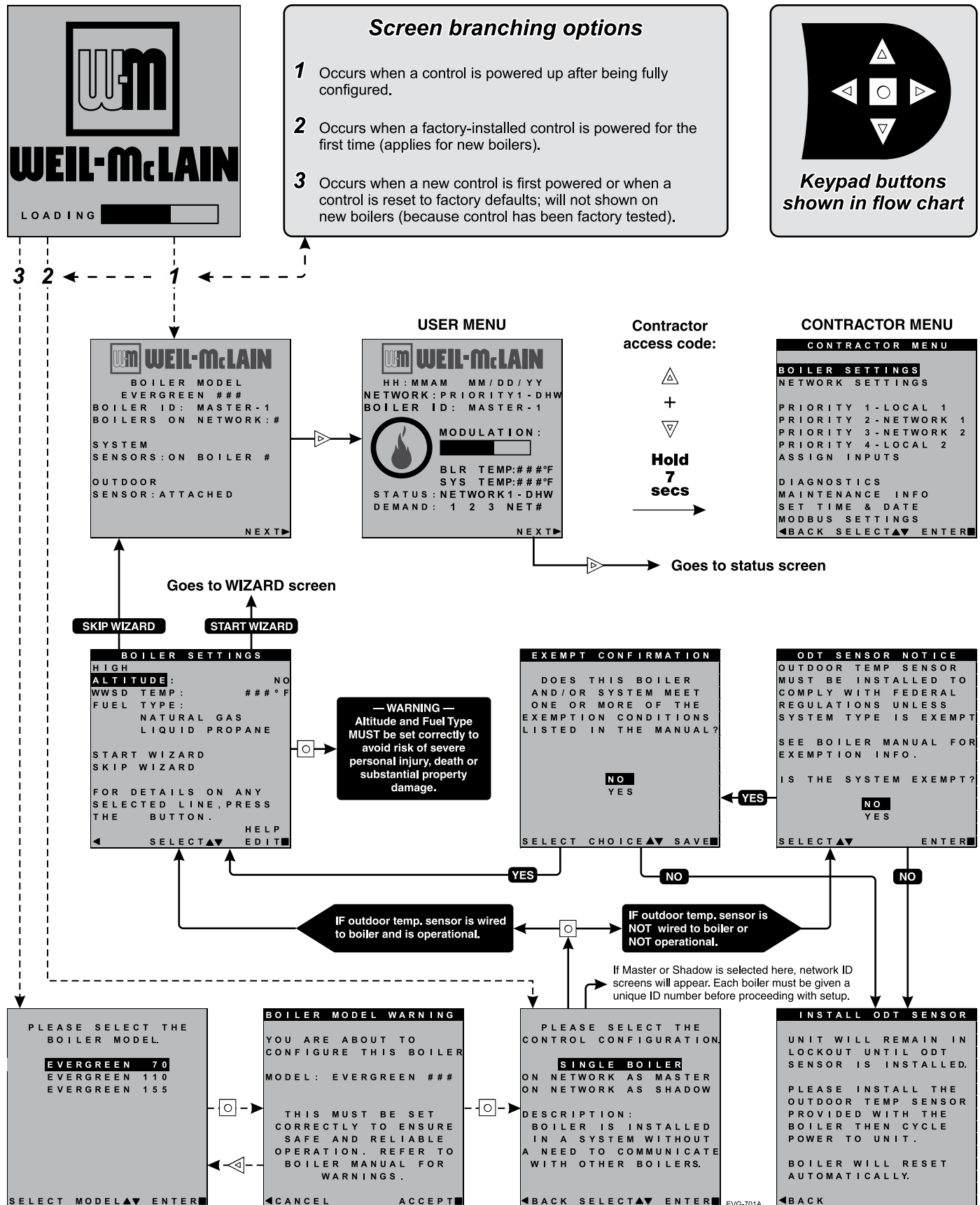


P15, P11, and P2 are terminal strips on the EVG control
(See wiring at left for 24 VAC zone valves).



Evergreen® Control — INITIAL SCREENS

Figure 17 Initial navigation — Accessing CONTRACTOR menus (multiple-boiler screens shown)



Control operation

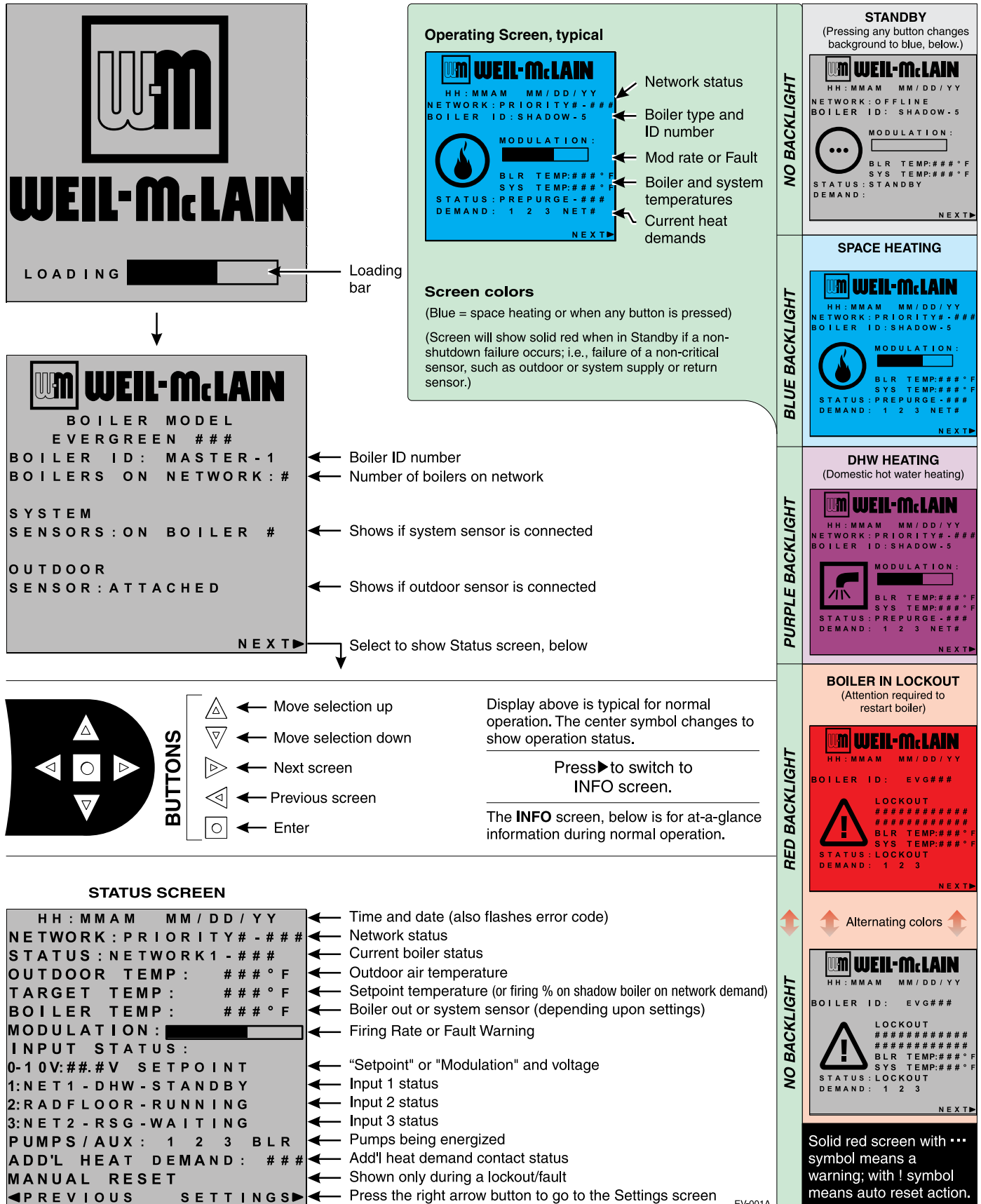
Figure 18 Control sequence of operation

Display status text	Control action <i>(also see Figure 19, page 42)</i>
POWER UP	- Check the boiler model listed on the power-up screen. If it is not correct, turn off the boiler. See page 43 for instructions to change setting. - When power is turned on, the screen lists sensors that are detected. If any sensor is not listed, make sure it is connected correctly. Turn off power and restart.
 Standby	- Standby - no calls for heat. - Toggles through no dots, 1 dot, 2 dots, then 3 dots while in standby (wrench symbol will show instead if maintenance is needed).
 Blower ON	- Call for heat detected. - Display on with BLUE light (space heating) or PURPLE light (DHW). - Start min/max timers if more than one system is calling - highest priority starts first. - Start circulators for this priority based upon settings. - Calculate target temp — If sensor temp is below target temp, begin firing sequence. - Blower to ignition speed for prepurge.
 Ignition	- After prepurge times out, begin ignition cycle. - Activate gas valve and ignition spark. - Continue ignition spark for ignition period. - Turn off spark and use electrode to check for flame signal.
 Space Heating	- Flame detected. - Release boiler to modulation. - NOTE: If flame is not detected, the gas valve is turned off, blower turns on (postpurge), and control starts cycle again. After 5 failures, the control waits 60 minutes, then tries again. - If priority timer times out, switch to next priority and start priority timer. - If demand satisfied, go to postpurge.
 DHW Heating	- Flame detected. - Release boiler to modulation. - NOTE: If flame is not detected, the gas valve is turned off, blower turns on (postpurge), and control starts cycle again. After 5 failures, the control waits 60 minutes, then tries again. - If priority timer times out, switch to next priority and start priority timer. - If demand satisfied, go to postpurge.
 Blower OFF	- Demand satisfied (temperature reaches target temperature or limit setting). - Gas valve off. - Blower to ignition speed for postpurge. - Return to standby after purge.
 Maintenance	- Display flashes BLUE, toggling between graphic screen and maintenance screen (occurs if maintenance schedule timer times out). - Will show during standby only. - Boiler operates as normal.
 Error/fault	- Display turns RED due to error or limit event. - Flashing display means lockout condition.
 WWSD	- Warm weather shutdown - the boiler will not be allowed to fire on space heating if the outside temperature is greater than the WWSD setting. - DHW operation is not affected by WWSD.



Control operation *(continued)*

Figure 19 Evergreen® control display screens and typical navigation – Advanced mode, multiple boilers





Available control settings – Advance Mode

Figure 20 Evergreen® control settings available in ADVANCED MODE (see Boiler Manual for BASIC MODE settings)

Menus and Items	Default setting	Range/options
BOILER SETTINGS Menu (page 47)		
• BOILER MODEL	Factory set	Evergreen® models available
• CONTROL TYPE	Single	Single, Master or Shadow
• HIGH ALTITUDE	NO	Yes or No
• LP GAS	No	Yes or No
• ODT SENSOR EXEMPT	No	Yes or No
• HIGH LIMIT TEMP	200°F	50 to 200°F
• WWSO TEMP	70°F	OFF, 50–100°F
• ADJUST OUTDOOR	0°F	-10 to +10°F
• CIRCULATOR EXERCISING	ALL ON	ON or OFF for each circulator
• FREEZE PROTECT CIRCS	ONLY BOILER CIRCULATOR ON	ON or OFF for each circulator
• RESET FACTORY DEFAULT	—	—
PRIORITY menus (page 52)		
• INPUTS ASSIGNED	Varies by priority	1, 2, 3
• SYSTEM TYPE	Varies by priority	See Figure 21, page 45 for choices
• TARGET MOD SENSOR	Varies	System Supply or Boiler Out
• TARGET ADJUST	Varies	None, 0–10V, or ODT
• SUPPLY MAX	Varies	60 to 190°F
• SUPPLY MIN	Varies by system type	60 to 190°F
• OD RESET MAX	70°F	50 to 100°F
• OD RESET MIN	0°F	-20 to 50°F
• VOLTS FOR MAX	10V	5V-10V
• VOLTS FOR MIN	0V	0V-4.9V
• BOOST TIME	OFF	OFF, 1 to 240 minutes
• SYSTEM OFF DIFF	Varies (5 or 10°F)	2 to 15°F
• SYSTEM ON DIFF	10°F	2 to 15°F
• MAX BLR TEMP	Equals SUPPLY MAX	60 to 190°F
• ADD BLR DIFF	5°F	2 to 10°F
• DROP BLR DIFF	5°F	2 to 10°F
• MOD DELAY TIME	2 minutes	1 to 15 minutes
• STABILIZE TIME	5 minutes	3 to 30 minutes
• ADD DELAY TIMER	60 seconds	30 to 240 seconds
• DROP DELAY TIMER	60 seconds	30 to 240 seconds
• BOILER ON DIFF	5°F	2 to 20°F
• BOILER OFF DIFF	5°F	2 to 10°F
• MAX ON TIME	30 minutes	OFF, 1 to 240 minutes
• MIN ON TIME	15 minutes	OFF, 1 to 240 minutes
• RUN BOILER PUMP	Varies by system	YES or NO
• RUN AUX PUMP/OUTPUT	Varies by system	YES or NO
• PRE PUMP	OFF	OFF, 1 to 240 seconds
• POST PUMP	30 seconds	OFF, 1 to 240 seconds
• MAX RATE (Local priorities only)	96%	100% to 21%
• MIN RATE	20%	20% to 99%

NOTICE See detailed information about controls settings (parameters) on the following pages.



Available control settings – Advance Mode *(continued)*

Figure 20 Evergreen® control settings available in ADVANCED MODE, continued

Menus and Items	Default setting	Range/options
• MAX SYS MBH <i>(Network priorities only)</i>	AUTO	AUTO or 100 to 32,000 MBTU's
• MIN BOILERS <i>(Network priorities only)</i>	1	1 to 8
• ACTIVATE CONTACT (ADDITIONAL HEAT DEMAND)	OFF	OFF, 1st, or 2nd
• RESPONSE TIME (ADDITIONAL HEAT DEMAND)	OFF	OFF, 1 to 240 minutes
NETWORK SETTINGS <i>(page 48)</i>	Default setting	Range/options
• CONTROL TYPE	—	Single, Master, Shadow
• BOILER ADDRESS	—	1 to 8
• NET MAX ON TIME	30	Off, 1 to 240
• NET MIN ON TIME	15	Off, 1 to 240
• MAX RATE ON NET	96%	100% to 21%
• MIN RATE ON NET	20%	20% to 99%
ROTATION AND SEQUENCE <i>(page 49)</i>	Default setting	Range/options
• SEQUENCE TYPE	Smart	Smart, Parallel, Series
• BASERATE HIGH	Auto	Auto, 20% to 100%
• BASERATE LOW	20%	20% to 100%
• LEAD BOILER ROTATE	Total Hours	Off, By Boiler, Total Hours, Incremental Hours
• ROTATE FREQ	7	1-30, 60, 90, 120, 150, 180, 210, 240, 270, 300, 330, 365
• FORCE LEAD ROTATE	Yes	Yes, or No
• CURRENT ORDER	—	Shows current rotation sequence
ASSIGN INPUTS <i>(page 56)</i>	Default setting	Range/options
• INPUT 1	Single boiler – PRIORITY 2 Master or shadow boiler – NETWORK 2	NONE or Single boiler – PRIORITY 1, 2, or 3 Master or shadow boiler – NETWORK PRIORITY 1 or 2 or LOCAL PRIORITY 1 or 2
• INPUT 2	Single boiler – PRIORITY 2 Master or shadow boiler – NETWORK 2	
• INPUT 3	Single boiler – PRIORITY 2 Master or shadow boiler – NETWORK 2	
Diagnostics <i>(see Boiler Manual)</i>		
MAINTENANCE <i>(page 58)</i>		
SET DATE AND TIME <i>(page 58)</i>		

NOTICE

See detailed information about controls settings (parameters) on the following pages.



SYSTEM TYPE presets

Figure 21 System types available (each option provides factory presets for operating parameters)

System Type	8-Character Abbreviation	3-Character Abbreviation	Supply Max °F	Max Blr Temp °F)	OD Reset Min °F	Supply Min °F	OD Reset Max °F	Run Boiler Pump	Run System Pump/Aux
Fan-coil	FAN-COIL	FCL	180	180	0	140	70	YES	YES
Finned Tube Baseboard	FIN BASE	FTB	180	180	0	130	70	YES	YES
Cast Iron Baseboard	IRONBASE	CIB	180	180	0	120	70	YES	YES
Cast Iron Radiators	RADIATOR	CIR	180	180	0	120	70	YES	YES
Radiant - slab on grade	RAD SLAB	RSG	120	120	0	80	70	YES	YES
Radiant - thin slab	RAD SLAB	RTS	140	140	0	80	70	YES	YES
Radiant - below floor (staple up)	RADFLOOR	RSU	160	160	0	90	70	YES	YES
Radiant - above floor (sleeper system)	RADFLOOR	RAF	140	140	0	90	70	YES	YES
Domestic Hot Water	DOMESTIC	DHW	180	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	NO	NO
Custom (user defined)	XXXXXXXXX (user input)	first three of user input	180	180	0	70	70	YES	YES

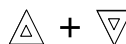
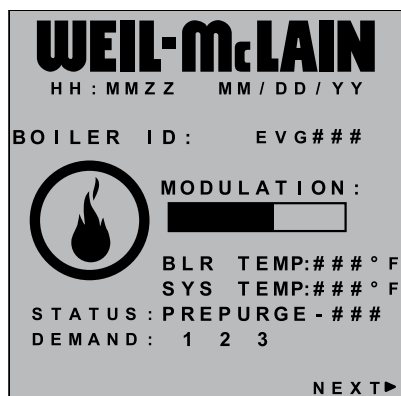
CONTRACTOR menus

⚠ WARNING

Boiler Model, Altitude and Fuel Type are critical settings. Failure to set correctly could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

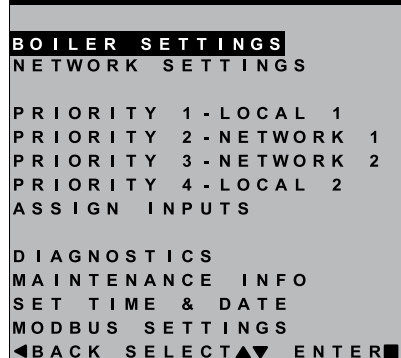
1. Access contractor menus by pressing and holding the UP and DOWN arrow keys at the same time for 7 seconds.
2. See the following pages for explanations of control setting options.

Figure 22 Evergreen® control menu access — accessing CONTRACTOR men



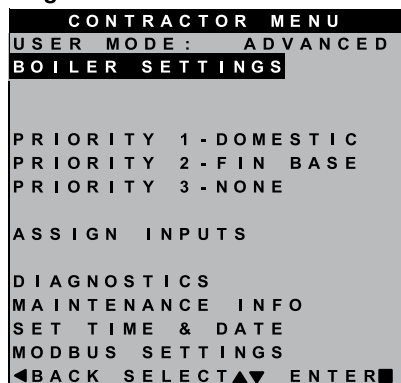
Hold 7 secs

Network Boiler CONTRACTOR Menu



OR

Single Boiler CONTRACTOR Menu



Highlight item, then press



to select



EVG-502a

MENU ITEM	PURPOSE	More information
USER MODE	Set this to ADVANCED to access single boiler advanced settings. ADVANCED mode is automatic if configuring network boilers.	
BOILERSETTINGS	Set/change boiler model, control type, high altitude setting, gas type (L.P.), ODT sensor requirement, manual reset, high limit and WWSD temperature settings, outdoor sensor temp adjustment, circulator exercising, freeze protection setup, and restore to factory default option.	See page 47
PRIORITY 1 (LOCAL PRIORITY 1)	These settings control operating temperatures and behaviors for inputs that are assigned to PRIORITY 1.	See page 52
PRIORITY 2 (NETWORK PRIORITY 1 or LOCAL PRIORITY 2)	These settings control operating temperatures and behaviors for inputs that are assigned to PRIORITY 2.	See page 52
PRIORITY 3 (NETWORK PRIORITY 2 or LOCAL PRIORITY 3)	These settings control operating temperatures and behaviors for inputs that are assigned to PRIORITY 3.	See page 52
PRIORITY 4 (LOCAL PRIORITY 2)	- Appears only on multiple boiler systems. - These settings control operating temperatures and behaviors for inputs that are assigned to PRIORITY 4.	See page 52
ASSIGN INPUTS	These settings assign Priority 1, 2, 3 or 4 to each of the three inputs to the Evergreen control.	See page 56
DIAGNOSTICS	- View error counters and historical information including previous lockouts. - View current status of temperatures, inputs, outputs and runtimes; View network information; View MODBUS communication info; View software versions; Access manual test mode screen; Initiate manual reset.	See Boiler Manual
MAINTENANCE INFO	Used to set contractor contact information, boiler information and maintenance dates.	See page 58
SET TIME & DATE	Use to set date and time — important since fault occurrences are date/time stamped.	See page 58
MODBUS SETTINGS	- Use to enter Modbus communications information (enable/disable, range, parity and stop bits, and baud rate). - For Modbus addressing information, see EVG Modbus Supplement.	See EVG MODBUS Supplement

Screens shown above are typical only. Actual screens depend on control settings chosen.



BOILER SETTINGS menu

⚠ WARNING Boiler Model, Altitude and Fuel Type are critical settings. Failure to set correctly could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

1. Access contractor menus by pressing and holding the UP and DOWN arrow keys at the same time for 7 seconds.
2. See Figure 22, page 46 for the screen sequences up to the CONTRACTOR menu.

Figure 23 Evergreen® ADVANCED mode BOILER SETTINGS options (see Figure 22, page 46 to access CONTRACTOR menu)

On CONTRACTOR menu highlight BOILER SETTINGS then press

Highlight item, then press to select

EVG-502b

MENU ITEM	DESCRIPTION
BOILER MODEL	⚠ WARNING MUST be set to correct model. - Check the boiler model against the model listed on the boiler's rating plate. Change the selection to the correct model if not. Also verify the model number on the Evergreen® display at power-up. Failure to correct would result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.
CONTROLTYPE	Select single, master or shadow.
HIGH ALTITUDE	⚠ WARNING If the boiler is installed at an altitude above 5500 feet, select YES for high altitude. The control will automatically adjust firing rates (blower speeds) to compensate for altitude. Altitude MUST be set correctly to avoid risk of severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.
LP GAS	⚠ WARNING MUST be correct — YES if LP Gas is used or NO if natural gas is used. Follow screen instructions to change if necessary.
ODT SENSOR EXEMPT	Select YES only if boiler is exempt from the requirement for outdoor reset operation stipulated in Section 303 of the 2007 Energy Act. See information provided elsewhere in this manual.
MANUALRESET HIGH LIMIT TEMP	If boiler outlet water temperature exceeds this temperature, the Evergreen® control will shut down the boiler and enter lockout. Changing this setting is NOT recommended.
WWSD TEMP	WWSD stands for warm weather shutdown. It means the boiler will not be allowed to fire if the outside temperature is greater than the WWSD setting. When the boiler is kept off because the outside temperature is above WWSD, the graphic display will show WWSD, and the boiler will remain in standby until the outside temperature drops below WWSD temperature. WWSD does not apply to DHW systems. The outdoor sensor must be installed to use this function. Any setting other than OFF will cause the control to look for a sensor. It will display an error if a sensor is not detected.
ADJUST OUTDOOR	Use this setting to calibrate the outdoor sensor when needed to compensate for variations in lead length or other factors that could affect total resistance in sensor circuit.
CIRCULATOR EXERCISING	For each circulator, select whether you want the control to automatically start the circulator and run for 10 seconds for each 72-hour period of inactivity.
FREEZE PROTECT CIRCS	This function automatically starts the circulators chosen if the heat exchanger sensors detect a temperature less than 45°F. In addition, the burner is turned on if temperature drops below 40°F. Circulators and burner turn off when the temperature rises above 48°F.
RESET FACTORY DEFAULTS	Use this function to restore all control settings to factory default values — will require complete restart and setup of control after resetting. Record information from the MAINTENANCE screen and any history information that may be of use in the future. ALL stored data is eliminated when reset to defaults, except for boiler model number.

Screens shown above are typical only. Actual screens depend on control settings chosen.

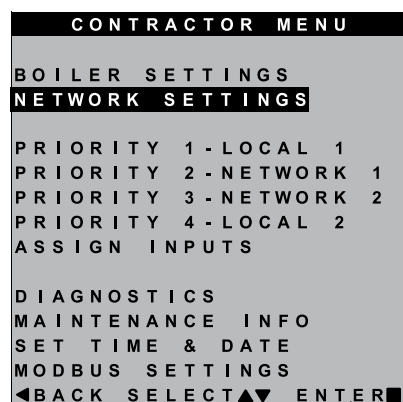
NETWORK SETTINGS menu



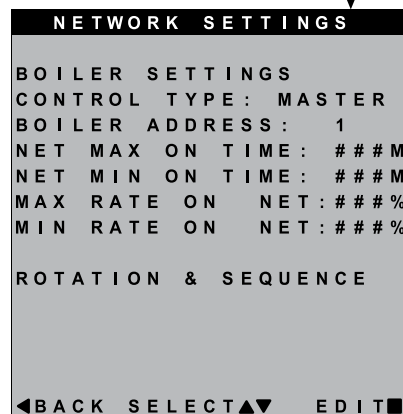
Boiler Model, Altitude and Fuel Type are critical settings. Failure to set correctly could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

1. Access contractor menus by pressing and holding the UP and DOWN arrow keys at the same time for 7 seconds.
2. See Figure 22, page 46 for the screen sequences up to the CONTRACTOR menu.

Figure 24 Evergreen® NETWORK SETTINGS menu (see Figure 22, page 46 to access CONTRACTOR menu)



On **CONTRACTOR** menu highlight **NETWORK SETTINGS** then press



Highlight item, then press



to select

MENU ITEM	PURPOSE	More information
CONTROL TYPE	- SINGLE, MASTER or SHADOW - If another boiler has already been selected as master, a notice window will appear if MASTER is selected here.	None
BOILER ADDRESS	Network address of boiler (can be changed here if desired, but every boiler must have a unique address).	None
NET MAX ON TIME	Maximum amount of time this boiler will operate on a network call for heat from the Master boiler before switching to a LOCAL PRIORITY 2 demand (if no LOCAL PRIORITY 1 demand is present).	None
NET MIN ON TIME	Minimum amount of time this boiler will operate on a network call for heat from the Master boiler before switching to a LOCAL PRIORITY 1 demand.	None
MAX RATE ON NET	Maximum rate the boiler will run at during NETWORK calls.	None
MIN RATE ON NET	Minimum rate the boiler will run at during NETWORK calls.	None
ROTATION & SEQUENCE	- Select the method by which the boilers will turn on and off. - Choose between SMART, PARALLEL, or SERIES. (This setting is only accessible on Master boiler.)	See Figure 26, page 50 for explanation of sequencing options

EVG-502d

Screens shown above are typical only. Actual screens depend on control settings chosen.

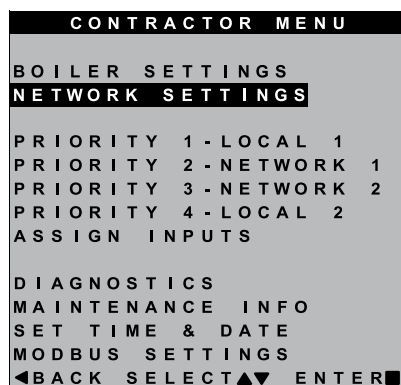


ROTATION AND SEQUENCE

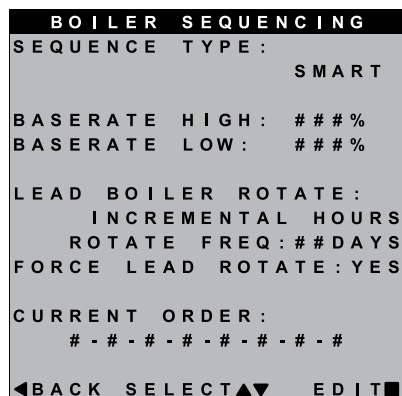
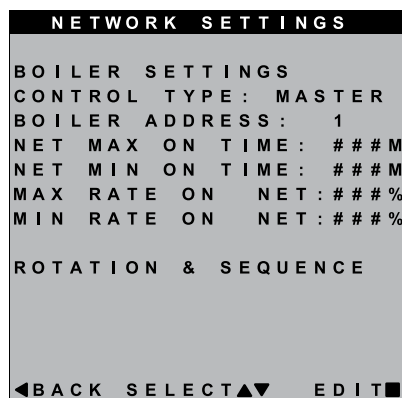
⚠ WARNING Boiler Model, Altitude and Fuel Type are critical settings. Failure to set correctly could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

1. Access contractor menus by pressing and holding the UP and DOWN arrow keys at the same time for 7 seconds.
2. See Figure 22, page 46 for the screen sequences up to the CONTRACTOR menu.

Figure 25 Evergreen® NETWORK SETTINGS menu (see Figure 22, page 46 to access CONTRACTOR menu)



Highlight
NETWORK SETTINGS, then press



Highlight ROTATION
AND SEQUENCE, then press

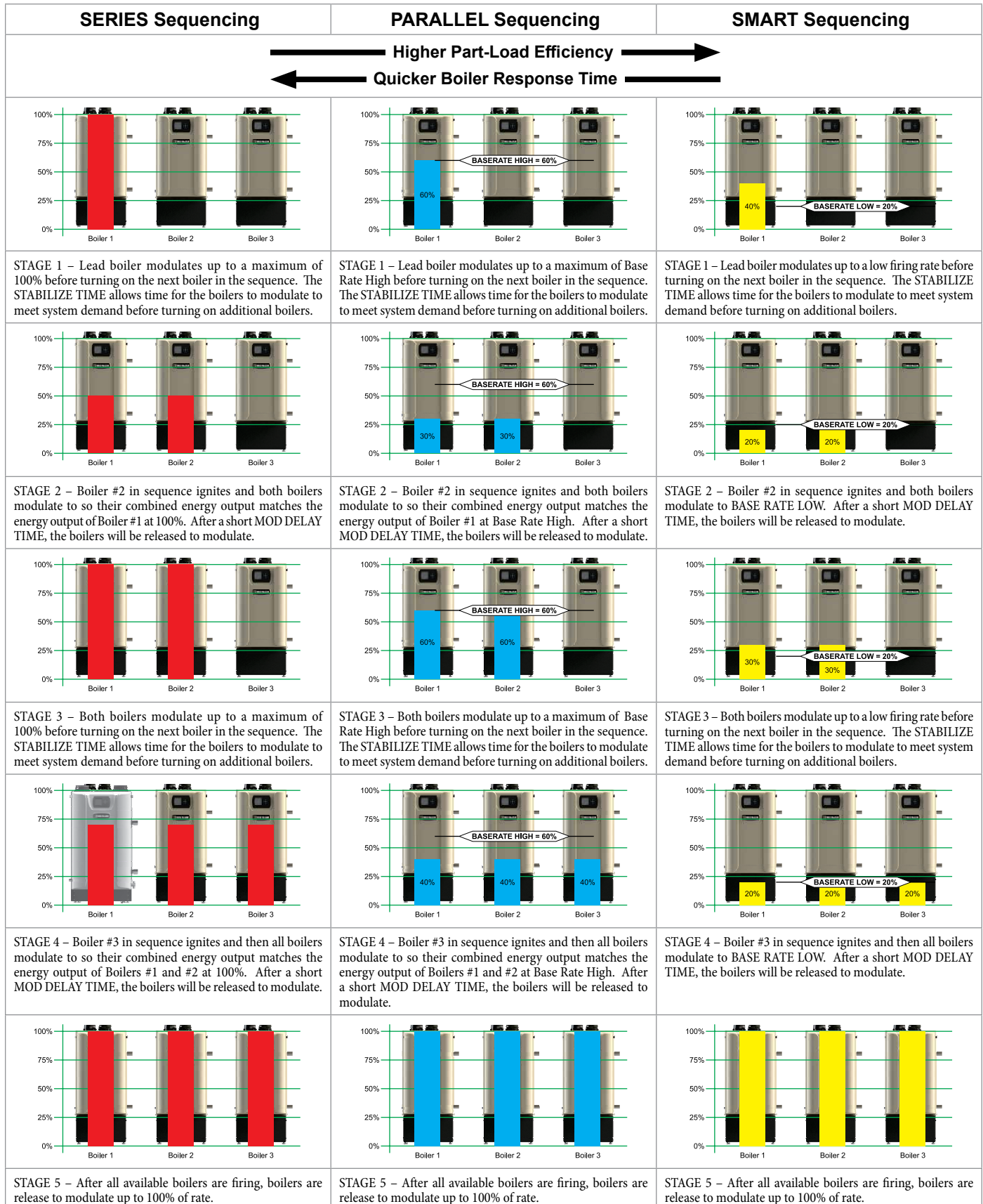
EVG-5026

MENU ITEM	PURPOSE
SEQUENCETYPE	Select the method of which the boilers will turn on and off. Choose between SERIES, PARALLEL, or SMART. SERIES sequencing allows each boiler to reach full input before bringing on the next boiler in sequence. PARALLEL sequencing uses a limiter, called BASERATE HIGH, to limit the firing rate before adding additional boilers. SMART sequencing (factory default setting) uses a low firing rate setting, called BASERATE LOW, to keep boilers at a low firing rate, bringing on additional boilers at reduced rate until all boilers are on if necessary. Boilers are then allowed to modulate together as high as necessary to meet demand.
BASERATE HIGH	- This sets highest modulation rate before turning on the next boiler. - This is read-only if in SMART mode.
BASERATE LOW	- This sets rate that the next boiler in sequence is going to turn on when called. - This is only visible if the Sequence Type is selected as SMART.
LEAD BOILER ROTATE	- Choose how to rotate the boiler sequencing. Choose either OFF, BY BOILER ID, TOTAL HOURS, or INCREMENTAL HOURS. Firing sequence is changed every rotation period (ROTATE FREQ – see setting explanation below). - OFF — Master boiler is always the first to fire. Others fire in the order of their network ID. - BY BOILER ID — Lead boiler toggles in the sequence of network ID numbers (changes from boiler number 1 to number 2, then boiler number 2 to number 3, etc.). - TOTAL HOURS — The boiler with the most <i>lifetime</i> operating hours is moved to the last in the firing sequence. The boiler with the least <i>lifetime</i> operating hours is made first in the sequence. Others are ordered by their respective <i>lifetime</i> operating hours. - INCREMENTAL HOURS — Firing sequence is based on the operating time <i>during the previous rotation period</i>. The boiler with the least operating time is started first; the boiler with the most operating time is started last; all others are started in order of their operating time.
ROTATE FREQ	Recalculates the boiler order every ## days based on LEAD BOILER ROTATE setting.
FORCE LEAD ROTATE	Select YES or NO. When the rotation frequency timer expires and the new order is calculated, this forces off the boiler lowest in the sequence. Then the boiler highest in the sequence fires to replace it.
Current Order	- Shows the current firing order of the boilers on the network. - This list updates based on how many boilers are detected and the order of sequence based on the above settings. - Sequence is shown as left-most boiler is first to turn on. Right-most boilers are the first to turn off.

Screens shown above are typical only. Actual screens depend on control settings chosen.

ROTATION AND SEQUENCE (continued)

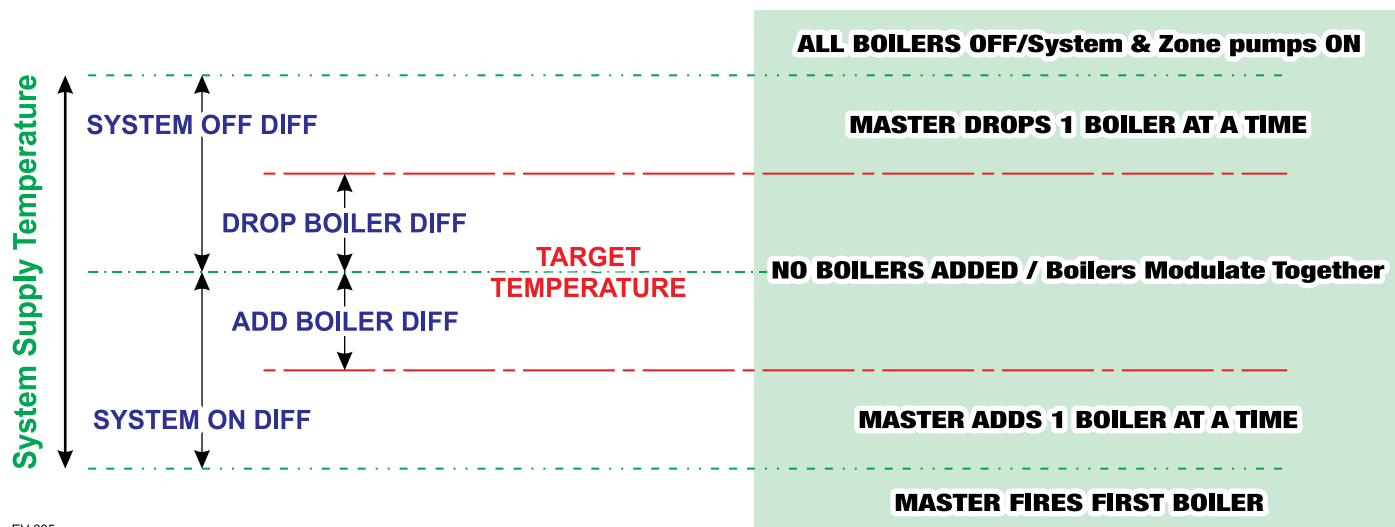
Figure 26 Evergreen® sequencing options — SMART, PARALLEL or SERIES (examples shown for 3-boiler network)



ROTATION AND SEQUENCE *(continued)*

Figure 27 Boiler sequencing — adding and dropping boilers

Control differential settings determine adding and dropping boilers



EV-605a

Network Boiler PRIORITY menus



Boiler Model, Altitude and Fuel Type are critical settings. Failure to set correctly could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

1. Access contractor menus by pressing and holding the UP and DOWN arrow keys at the same time for 7 seconds.
2. See Figure 22, page 46 for the screen sequences up to the CONTRACTOR menu.

Figure 28 Evergreen® Network Boiler PRIORITY menus (access menus from CONTRACTOR menu)

Local Priority 1	Local Priority 2	Network Priority 1	Network Priority 2	MENU ITEM	DESCRIPTION
X	X			INPUTS ASSIGNED	• List of inputs assigned to this priority/system on the local boiler (appears as 1, 2, 3).
X	X	X	X	SYSTEM TYPE	• Select the system type for this PRIORITY, based on the heating terminal units in the system. Use the CUSTOM selection to set the control for a different system type. The factory preset values for SUPPLY MAX, SUPPLY MIN, OD RESET MAX and OD RESET MIN are chosen based on the normal best setting for the terminal units. See page 45.
X	X			TARGET MOD SENSOR	• Read only — shows whether boiler modulates based on System Supply sensor (network priority) or Boiler Outlet sensor (local priority).
X	X	X	X	TARGET ADJUST	• Select how target temperature is calculated by control: NONE (no reset, fixed target temperature), 0–10V (target temperature based on analog input from remote source), ODT (outdoor reset operation).
X	X	X	X	SUPPLY MAX	• Set SUPPLY MAX to the required supply water temperature for the system at design maximum heat loss (typically 180°F for finned tube baseboard on new installations.)
X	X	X	X	SUPPLY MIN	• SUPPLY MIN should equal the desired minimum supply water temperature for the system. This line will not show if Target Adjust is selected as NONE.
X	X	X	X	OD RESET MAX	• Appears if TARGET ADJUST is set to ODT. Outdoor temperature at which the target temperature reaches its minimum value – usually set at the balance point temperature for the building. (Does not appear if 0–10V or NONE is selected for Target Adjust.)
X	X	X	X	OD RESET MIN	• Appears if TARGET ADJUST is set to ODT. Outdoor temperature at which the target temperature reaches its maximum value – usually set at the outdoor design temperature for the installation. (Does not appear if 0–10V or NONE is selected for Target Adjust.)
X	X	X	X	VOLTS FOR MAX	• Appears if 0–10V is selected for Target Adjust. Set the voltage at which SUPPLY MAX temperature is required.
X	X	X	X	VOLTS FOR MIN	• Appears if 0–10V is selected for Target Adjust. Set the voltage at which SUPPLY MIN temperature is required. For voltages between Min and Max, the target temperature will be adjusted on a linear curve.
X	X	X	X	BOOST TIME	• Every time the call for heat surpasses this duration of time the target temp will increase (boost) up 10°F to a maximum temperature of SUPPLY MAX.
		X	X	SYSTEM OFF DIFF	• This is the amount the temperature must rise above system target to turn the boiler(s) OFF.
		X	X	SYSTEM ON DIFF	• This is the amount the temperature must drop below system target to begin network modulation routine. (This line may NOT appear, depending on TARGET ADJUST setting.)
		X	X	ADD BLR DIFF	• If the system supply temperature has not reached target minus this differential at the end of the STABILIZE TIME, the control will turn on the next available boiler in the boiler firing order.
		X	X	DROP BLR DIFF	• If the system supply temperature rises to more than target plus this differential, the control will turn off the last firing boiler in the boiler firing order. Drop Delay Timer limits how quickly multiple boilers drop off.
		X	X	MOD DELAY TIME	• The time allowed for the boilers to adjust to the requested firing rate before beginning Stabilize Time and resuming modulation.
		X	X	STABILIZE TIME	• The time allowed for all boilers actively heating a network priority to reach target modulation rate requested by the master. If the timer expires and system temperature is less than target – ADD BLR DIFF, the master will add the next available boiler. If there are no more available boilers, the master will freely modulate the boilers to satisfy the heat demand.
		X	X	ADD DELAY TIMER	• Timer starts when the modulation rate of all boilers actively heating a network priority are at BASE RATE HIGH, MAX RATE FOR NET, or are being self-limited. If the timer expires and system temperature is less than target – ADD BLR DIFF, the master will add the next available boiler.
		X	X	DROP DELAY TIMER	• Minimum time before a boiler will be dropped off. This timer only begins after the first boiler has been dropped. It applies as each additional firing boiler is dropped.
		X	X	MAX BLR TEMP	• If the boiler outlet temperature approaches [MAX BOILER TEMP – BOILER ON DIFF] before the system supply temperature reaches its target, the control will modulate the boiler based on the boiler outlet temperature. The boiler will cycle and modulate based on the boiler ON and OFF differential settings. (This line does NOT appear if Target Mod Sensor is set to Boiler Out).



Network Boiler PRIORITY menus *(continued)*

Figure 28 Evergreen® PRIORITY menus, continued

Local Priority 1	Local Priority 2	Network Priority 1	Network Priority 2	MENU ITEM	DESCRIPTION
X	X	X	X	BOILER ON DIFF	This is the amount the temperature must drop below target (or Boiler Max) to turn the boiler ON.
X	X	X	X	BOILER OFF DIFF	This is the amount the temperature must rise above target (or Boiler Max) to turn the boiler OFF.
X		X		MAX ON TIME	- Maximum time boiler will run on this priority if it is being asked to run on another priority. Will rotate among all priorities its being asked to run. Network boilers are also controlled by NET MAX ON TIME (see Figure 24, page 48). - NETWORK PRIORITY 1 only — Maximum time master will operate the network on NETWORK PRIORITY 1 if NETWORK PRIORITY 2 is calling for heat. NOTICE When the master boiler detects a local call for heat from any boiler that is currently operating for a network demand, the master control will allow that boiler to switch to its local priority and replace the lost network energy of that boiler appropriately.
	X		X	MIN ON TIME	- Minimum time the boiler will run on an existing priority before switching to a lower priority, or back to an existing higher priority. If a new higher priority is called during MIN ON TIME, the boiler will immediately switch to actively heat the higher priority. Network boilers are also controlled by NET MIN ON TIME (see Figure 24, page 48). - NETWORK PRIORITY 2 only — Minimum time master will operate on a network priority 2 if network priority 1 is calling for heat.
X	X			RUN BOILER PUMP	Selects whether the Boiler Pump is turned on while running on this priority.
X	X	X	X	RUN AUX PUMP/OUTPUT	When set to YES, input/output pairs on any network boiler assigned as AUX PUMP/OUTPUT -> ANY TT INPUT BY ITS PRIORITY, will activate. Set this to NO for priorities that do not need this AUX PUMP/OUTPUT to be active.
X	X	X	X	PRE PUMP	Time associated PUMPS and AUX PUMP/OUTPUT are run before entering prepurge.
X	X	X	X	POST PUMP	Time associated PUMPS and AUX PUMP/OUTPUT are run after the call for heat has ended and before switching to another call for heat.
		X	X	MAX SYS MBH	Limits the energy allowed by the boiler network to be put into this priority's system. The default is set to AUTO (the sum of all network boiler sizes). If the total size of the boiler network is too large for a system, adjust MAX SYS MBH lower to the appropriate energy. MAX SYS MBH can be set greater than AUTO if more Evergreen® boiler are planned to be installed to the same network. This setting can be adjusted in 100 MBH increments (100 MBH = 100,000 BTU/hours).
		X	X	MIN BOILERS	The Master turns on this many boilers in the network on an initial call for heat in order to avoid delays due to accumulative wait times between boilers. When switching to another network priority, MIN BOILERS is re-evaluated based on the other priority's setting.
X	X			MAX RATE	Maximum rate this boiler will modulate up to while running on this priority.
X	X			MIN RATE	Minimum rate this boiler will modulate down to while running on this priority.
X	X	X	X	ADD'L HEAT DEMAND ACTIVATECONTACT	- If this is set to 1st: Immediately on a call for heat, the heat demand contacts close and the RESPONSE TIME timer starts. If the call for heat from this demand is still active at the end of the Response Time and the system has not reached [Target Temp - System On Diff], the boiler system will start. If the system temperature is within this range, the boiler system will not start unless the temperature drops below this value. The add'l heat demand contact opens when the heat demand turns off. - If this is set to 2nd: The boiler system starts immediately on a call for heat and starts the RESPONSE TIME timer. If the call for heat is still active when the RESPONSE TIME expires, the boiler will close its additional heat demand contact. - Timers reset when priorities are switched. - NETWORK PRIORITY 1 or 2 — The additional heat demand must be wired to the master boiler. - LOCAL PRIORITY 1 or 2 — The additional heat demand must be wired to the individual boiler. A master boiler cannot use additional heat demand on a local priority.
X	X	X	X	RESPONSE TIME	Time to wait for system to respond before taking the Activate Contact action. If ACTIVATE CONTACT is OFF, this line does not appear.



Single Boiler PRIORITY menus



Boiler Model, Altitude and Fuel Type are critical settings. Failure to set correctly could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

1. Access contractor menus by pressing and holding the UP and DOWN arrow keys at the same time for 7 seconds.
2. See Figure 22, page 46 for the screen sequences up to the CONTRACTOR menu.

Figure 29 Evergreen® single boiler PRIORITY menus (access menus from CONTRACTOR menu)

Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3	MENU ITEM	DESCRIPTION
x	x	x	INPUTS ASSIGNED	List of inputs assigned to this priority/system on the local boiler (appears as 1, 2, 3).
x	x	x	SYSTEM TYPE	Select the system type for this PRIORITY, based on the heating terminal units in the system. Use the CUSTOM selection to set the control for a different system type. The factory preset values for SUPPLY MAX, SUPPLY MIN, OD RESET MAX and OD RESET MIN are chosen based on the normal best setting for the terminal units. See page 45.
x	x	x	TARGET MOD SENSOR	Select whether boiler modulates based on System Supply sensor or Boiler Outlet sensor.
x	x	x	TARGET ADJUST	Select how target temperature is calculated by control: NONE (no reset, fixed target temperature), 0–10VDC (target temperature based on analog input from remote source), ODT (outdoor reset operation). This setting cannot be selected if system type is DHW.
x	x	x	SUPPLY MAX	Set SUPPLY MAX to the required supply water temperature for the system at design maximum heat loss (typically 180°F for finned tube baseboard on new installations.)
x	x	x	SUPPLY MIN	SUPPLY MIN should equal the desired minimum supply water temperature for the system. This line will not show if Target Adjust is selected as NONE.
x	x	x	OD RESET MAX	Appears if TARGET ADJUST is set to ODT. Outdoor temperature at which the target temperature reaches its minimum value – usually set at the balance point temperature for the building.
x	x	x	OD RESET MIN	Appears if TARGET ADJUST is set to ODT. Outdoor temperature at which the target temperature reaches its maximum value – usually set at the outdoor design temperature for the installation.
x	x	x	VOLTS FOR MAX	Appears if 0–10V is selected for Target Adjust. Set the voltage at which SUPPLY MAX temperature is required.
x	x	x	VOLTS FOR MIN	Appears if 0–10V is selected for Target Adjust. Set the voltage at which SUPPLY MIN temperature is required. For voltages between Min and Max, the target temperature will be adjusted on a linear curve.
x	x	x	BOOST TIME	Every time the call for heat surpasses this duration of time the target temp will increase (boost) up 10°F to a maximum temperature of SUPPLY MAX.
x	x	x	SYSTEM OFF DIFF	This is the amount the temperature must rise above system target to turn the boiler OFF. (This line does NOT appear if Target Mod Sensor is set to Boiler Out).
x	x	x	SYSTEM ON DIFF	This is the amount the temperature must drop below system target to turn the boiler ON. (This line does NOT appear if Target Mod Sensor is set to Boiler Out).



Single Boiler PRIORITY menus *(continued)*

Figure 29 Evergreen® single boiler PRIORITY menus, continued

Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3	MENU ITEM	DESCRIPTION
X	X	X	MAX BLR TEMP	If the boiler outlet temperature approaches [MAX BOILER TEMP – BOILER ON DIFF] before the system supply temperature reaches its target, the control will modulate the boiler based on the boiler outlet temperature. The boiler will cycle and modulate based on the boiler ON and OFF differential settings. (This line does NOT appear if Target Mod Sensor is set to Boiler Out).
X	X	X	BOILER ON DIFF	This is the amount the temperature must drop below target to turn the boiler ON.
X	X	X	BOILER OFF DIFF	This is the amount the temperature must rise above target to turn the boiler OFF.
X	X		MAX ON TIME	Maximum time this boiler will run on this priority if it is being asked to run on another priority. Will rotate among all priorities its being asked to run.
	X	X	MIN ON TIME	Minimum time the boiler will run on an existing priority before switching to a lower priority, or back to an existing higher priority. If a new higher priority is called during MIN ON TIME, the boiler will immediately switch to actively heat the higher priority.
X	X	X	RUN BOILER PUMP	Selects whether the Boiler Pump is turned on while running on this call for heat.
X	X	X	RUN AUX PUMP/OUTPUT	When set to YES, any input/output pairs assigned as AUX PUMP/OUTPUT -> ANY TT INPUT BY ITS PRIORITY, will activate. Set this to NO for priorities that do not need this AUX PUMP/OUTPUT to be active.
X	X	X	PRE PUMP	Time associated PUMPS and AUX PUMP/OUTPUT are run before entering prepurge.
X	X	X	POST PUMP	Time associated PUMPS and AUX PUMP/OUTPUT are run after the call for heat has ended and before switching to another call for heat.
X	X	X	MAX RATE	Maximum rate this boiler will modulate up to while running on this priority.
X	X	X	MIN RATE	Minimum rate this boiler will modulate down to while running on this priority.
X	X	X	ADD'L HEAT DEMAND ACTIVATE CONTACT	- If this is set to 1st: Immediately on a call for heat, the heat demand contacts close and the RESPONSE TIME timer starts. If the call for heat from this demand is still active at the end of the Response Time and the system has not reached [Target Temp – System On Diff], the boiler system will start. If the system temperature is within this range, the boiler system will not start unless the temperature drops below this value. The add'l heat demand contact opens when the heat demand turns off. - If this is set to 2nd: The boiler system starts immediately on a call for heat and starts the RESPONSE TIME timer. If the call for heat is still active when the RESPONSE TIME expires, the boiler will close its additional heat demand contact.
X	X	X	RESPONSE TIME	Time to wait for system to respond before taking the Activate Contact action. If ACTIVATE CONTACT is OFF, this line does not appear.



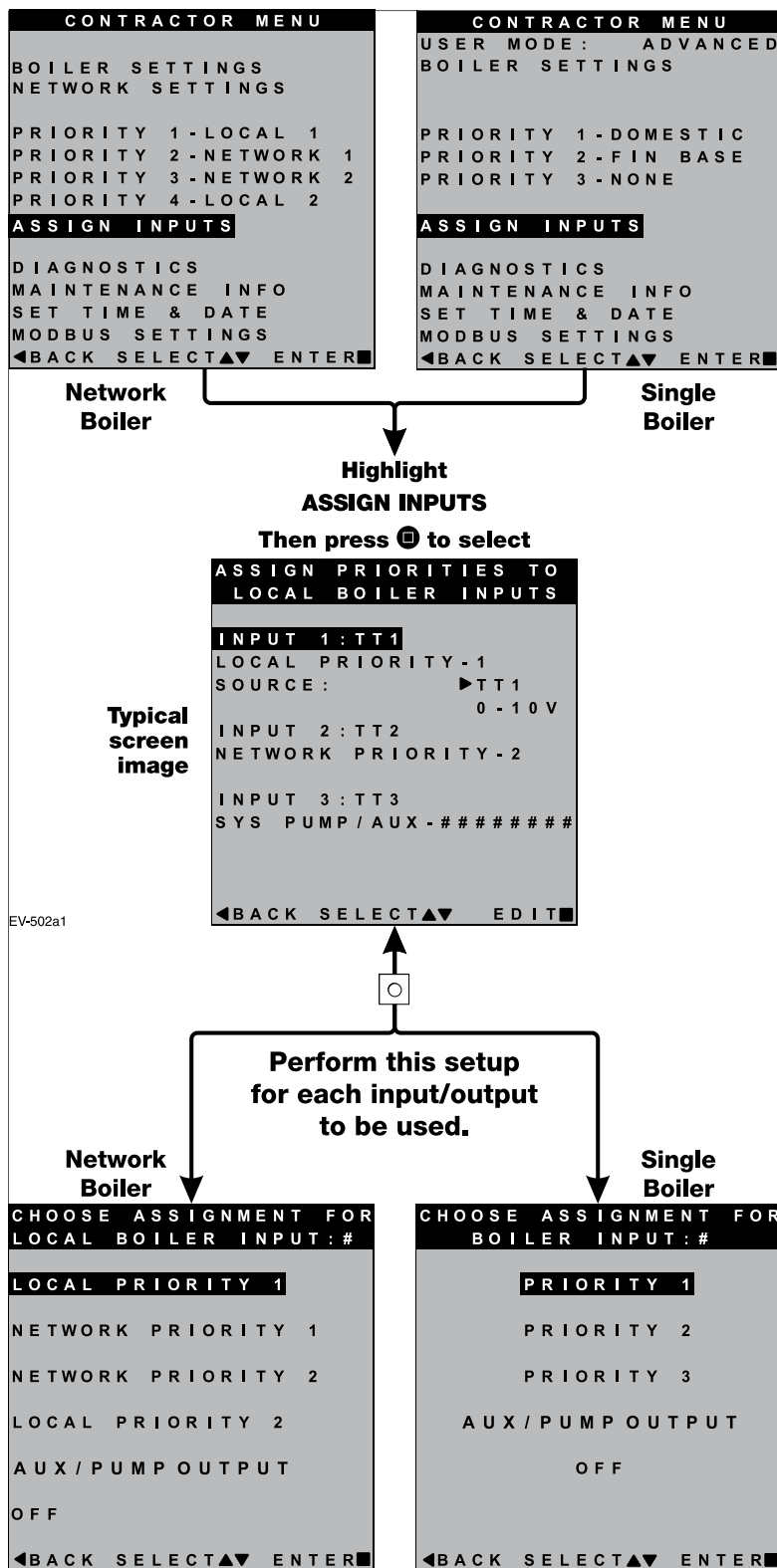
ASSIGN INPUTS menu



Boiler Model, Altitude and Fuel Type are critical settings. Failure to set correctly could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

1. Access contractor menus by pressing and holding the UP and DOWN arrow keys at the same time for 7 seconds.
2. See Figure 22, page 46 for the screen sequences up to the CONTRACTOR menu.

Figure 30 Evergreen® Assign Inputs menu (see Figure 22, page 46 to access CONTRACTOR menu)



MENU ITEM	PURPOSE
Overview	• There are three inputs/outputs available on each boiler. This menu allows assignment of which inputs/outputs operate which priority/system.
INPUT 1 INPUT 2 INPUT 3	• See "EVG control Priorities & Input/Outputs" on page 4 for an explanation of priorities, inputs and outputs. • Priority settings are adjustable. See page 52 through page 55 for priority options. • The Assign Inputs menu is for designating priorities to the correct inputs according to the system installed. • Multiple inputs can use the same priority. • The Source line designates Input 1 as either thermostat controlled or 0–10V controlled for MODULATION. (On Master/Shadow systems, this line is not present and Input 1 is predetermined as a thermostat-controlled input.) • When choosing 0–10V as the Source, a NOTICE screen will pop up explaining the use of the 0–10V input. Press SAVE to use this option, or press cancel to return the input to TT1.
AUX PUMP/OUTPUT	• The AUX PUMP/OUTPUT function enables an output to turn on in a variety of selectable conditions. • See page 57 for explanations and recommended applications. • In network boiler applications, outputs assigned AUX PUMP/OUTPUT are controlled by the master boiler, based on the input/output and blower behaviors of all boilers on the network.

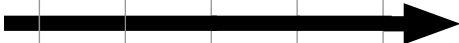
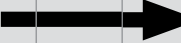
Screens shown here are typical only. Actual screens depend on control settings chosen.

AUX PUMP/OUTPUT options

Figure 31 AUX PUMP/ OUTPUT operation (accessed in ASSIGN INPUTS menu – see page 56)

Option	Activation conditions	Suggested uses
ALWAYS ON	Output is always energized whenever the control is powered.	Hot loop for seasonal boilers that are manually shut down at end of season and started up at start of heating season.
EXTERNAL SWITCH	The output is energized on closure of an external switch wired to this input and is de-energized when the external switch opens.	Hot loop for boilers whose CH is manually shut down at end of season and started up at start of heating season, but remain available for local calls (DHW, etc.).
OUTDOOR BELOW WWSD	- This output is energized only when outdoor temperature is below the WWSD setting (see BOILER SETTINGS menu, Figure 23, page 47). - This setting is non-selectable if WWSD is set to OFF or ODT is not connected at initial boiler power. If Outdoor Below WWSD is already chosen and WWSD is later set to OFF, Outdoor Below WWSD will behave as Always On.	Hot loop for boilers whose CH is automatically shut down based on outdoor temperature (inferred heat loss), but remain on for local calls (DHW, etc.).
ANY TT INPUT	- The assigned output is energized if there is an input closure on any of the network boilers. - The assigned output will de-energize once there are; no input closures on any of the network boilers, post-purge has finished, and post-pump time has expired. - If the closed input is configured for a heat demand, its output will de-energize after post-purge and post-pump.	Energize a system pump relay if pump must run during all heating calls.
ANY TT INPUT BY ITS PRIORITY SETTINGS	- The assigned output is energized: - If there is an input closure on any of the network boilers. AND . . . - RUN AUX PUMP/OUTPUT is set to YES for the priority assigned to the closed input. - The assigned output will de-energize once there are; no input closures on any of the network boilers, post-purge has finished, and post-pump time has expired.	Energize a system pump relay if pump must run only on some heat calls (such as systems with locally-connected DHW heating).
ANY BURNER DEMAND	- The assigned output is energized when any boiler on the network receives a call for heat and starts to pre-purge. - The assigned output is de-energized once all burners are off and post-purge is complete.	Use for interlocking with combustion air damper, flow switch, etc.

Figure 32 AUX PUMP/ OUTPUT operation — start, run and stop, based on boiler status

Option	Standby	TT Closed	Pre-Pump	Pre-Purge	Burner Running	Post-Purge	Post-Pump	Standby	Comments
ANY TT INPUT OR ANY TT INPUT BY ITS PRIORITY SETTINGS	off	ON						off	See Figure 31 for explanation of differences between the ANY TT INPUT options.
ANY BURNER DEMAND	off	off	off	ON			off	off	



MAINTENANCE, DATE AND TIME menus

Figure 33 MAINTENANCE, DATE AND TIME menus — navigation (see Figure 19, page 42 for access information)

Maintenance Info	Comments
Name	Contractor name to appear in maintenance reminders and during lockouts
Phone	Contractor phone number
Model	Displays the boiler model selected in the boiler setup
CP Number	Enter the CP# of the boiler
Installed	Enter the date the boiler was installed
Last Date	Date automatically entered when Reset Reminder is chosen by contractor
Next Date	Date automatically calculated when Reset Reminder is selected by contractor
Interval Settings	Contractor selects maintenance reminder frequency based on service history
Reset Reminder	Contractor selects this to update Last maintenance Date and Next Date. Homeowner uses this to ignore the reminder and update only the Next Date.

Set Time and Date	Comments
Year	Set year (homeowner or contractor)
Month	Set month (homeowner or contractor)
Day	Set day (homeowner or contractor)
Hour	Set hour (homeowner or contractor)
Minute	Set minute (homeowner or contractor)

MAINTENANCE INFO

1. Use this section to enter contractor's information, CP number, install date and to enter an automatic notice for maintenance (default is 12 months). Because this shows on the display, it is an automatic means of notifying the homeowner of need for scheduled maintenance by the technician. Select RESET REMINDER to reset for the next maintenance date.

SET TIME AND DATE

1. Enter current date and time. This allows correct maintenance reminder timing and provides date and time stamp for lockout histories on ERROR screen in Diagnostic Menu.

This image shows a full page of blank graph paper. The grid consists of thin, light gray horizontal and vertical lines that intersect to form a uniform pattern of small squares across the entire surface. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

